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Jordanians elect 12th Parliament

New House retains same political trends but with new faces

By Jordan Times **Staff Reporters**

JORDANIANS yesterday elected a new Lower House of Parliament that, except for the presence of a liberal woman, will be composed essentially of the same political forces dominating the 11th Parliament but which will be represented by many new faces.

With results of 17 of the 20 electoral districts declared by press time (6.00 a.m. Tuesday), around 30 of the 64 incumbents who sought reelection retained their seats, putting at around 50 the number of freshmen in the new House.

The 12th Parliament will have around 16 Islamic Action Front (IAF) members backed by at least two independent Islamists who could support the front's political and socioeconomic agenda. There will be another two independent Islamists who may support the IAF on its social programme but who could withhold such backing on issues like the front's opposition to peace negotiations with Israel and the government's socioeconomic policies which are based on the economic restructuring programme agreed with the International Monetary Fund (IMF).

These numbers compare with the presence of 23 members of the Muslim Brotherhood Movement, which is the backbone of the IAF, in the 11th Parliament, who were then backed by about the same strength of deputies in either group.

It was too early to judge whether the IAF had actually lost or increased its voting strength as a result of the one-person, one-vote formula since no final figures were immediately available on the actual number of votes the front's candidates received in Monday's polls, the Kingdom's first multi-party elections in

nearly four decades. The poll also saw the first Jordanian woman entering Parliament with the victory of Toujan Faisal, a long-time liberal activist who won a seat set aside for Circassians in the Third District of Amman against incumbent Mansour Murad and another woman, Jeanette Mufti.

The third woman candidate in Monday's elections, Nadia Bushnaq who sought a Muslim seat from Zarqa, lost her bid. The following are the official

IAF members who won the Abdul Aziz Jaber Abdul Munem Abu Zant Ibrahim Zeid Keilani Hammam Saed Ahmad Kasasbeh Suleiman Rimoni

Daifallah Al Moumani Mohammad Oweida Bader Riati Bassam Emoush Mohammad Al Haj Theib Anis Abdullah Akaileh Abmad Kofahi Abdul Rahim Akour

The hardline Islamists who are likely to support the political and socio-economic programme of the IAF are:

Deeb Abdullah Hattab Abdul Majeed Aqtash

The independent Islamnsts who are likely to support the IAF on social issues are:

Abdul Baqi Jammo Jamal Saraireh Mahmoud Huweimel

The Lower House will also include a number of leftist and pan-Arab deputies comparable to that in the 11th Parliament. They are:

Khalil Haddadin Abdul Hafez Shekhanbeh Bassam Haddadin Abdul Karim Dughmi Mohammad Daoudieh Samir Habashneh Mustafa Shneikat Toujan Faisal

Following are the unofficial results:

AMMAN -

First District: Abdul Aziz Jaber (IAF) 8,200 Hammad Abu Jamous 4,078

Theib Hamed Hattab (Islamist) 3,469 votes Second District

(IAF) 9.107 votes Hamzeh Mansour (IAF) 8,750 Mohammad Thuwaieb votes

Abdul Munem Abu Zant

Third District Ibrahim Zeid Keilani (IAF) Taher Al Masri Ali Abu Ragheb

- Toujan Faisal (Circassian) Khalil Haddadin (Christian)

Fourth District Anwar Hadid 6,329 votes Mohammad Huneiti 6,310

Fifth District Hammam Saed Khaled Ajarmeh Abid Al Bakhit Mifleh Al Lawzi Munis Sobar

Sixth District Abdul Hafez Shkhanbeh Abdul Majid Al Aqtash Sahmih Farah (Christian)

Abdul Hadi Majali 3,867 Mahmoud Hawaimel 3,561 Mansour Ben Tarif 2,988 Ahmad Kassasbeh (IAF) 2.892 Jamil Al Hashoush 2,721 Samir Habashneh 2,597 Jamal Sarajrah 2.438 Nazih Ammarin 1,072 votes Hani Hijjazin 1,024 votes

Jerash Mufleh Rahaimi 4,893 Sulaiman Al Saad Khalaf Raimouni (IAF) 3,513

Ahmad Qudah 2,955 Daifallah Al Moumani (IAF) 2.761 votes Farah Rabadi (Christian) 850 votes

Ailoun

Ramtha and Bani Kenanah Fawaaz Al Zoubi 5,492 votes Talal Obeidat 4.671 votes Ibrahim Samara 4,165 votes

Koura and northern Jordan Valley Hatem Ghzawi 5,151 votes Nader Zuhairat 3.811 votes

(Continued on page 5)

King voices satisfaction with voting, sees more democracy, pluralism and rights

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN -- His Majesty King Hussein Monday voiced satisfaction with the voting process of the Kingdom's first multi-party elections in nearly four decades and expressed hope that the winners in the polls would live up to their responsibilities towards their elections and the Jordanian people.

The King, while touring some of the polling centres and media facilities, also said the election would consolidate the democratisation process he launched in 1989 with the first general elections in 22 years.

"It has always been a source of pride to hand over powers to people who are ready to shoulder responsibilities in shaping their future," the King told reporters at a press centre set up to offer services to the media at the Royal Cultural Centre.

"I hope that we will see legislators, who will be able to carry out their duties because we all have to bear the responsibilities at this sensitive time towards the future," the King

"We are on the road to more democracy, more freedom and more respect for human rights," the King said. "What we hope for is that this parlia-



His Majesty King Hussein Monday visits the press centre for elections at the Royal Culture Centre (Photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)

ment will serve citizens and will be far away from slogans and loud voices and that (the elected deputies) shoulder their responsibilities,'

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, who returned home Monday after a visit to Luxembourg, also said the elections reflected Jordan's commitment to democracy and belief that stability could be only through popular parti-

cipation.
The Crown Prince expressed pride in the country and its people, "who are making its

history and planning for the future" through the elections. The King told reporters at the press centre his decision to endorse the introduction of the one-person, one-vote system

was aimed at "putting matters

in their right perspectives" and

in line with the "requirements

of the constitution, which calls

for equality among all citizens. In reply to a question on election prospects for the Islamic movement, which opposes the Middle East peace process.

the King pointed out that he

proud of belonging to the faith. Jordan has both Muslims and Christians and the two communities have progressed well together, he said, adding that he found no reason or ground to differentiate between people on the basis of

himself was a Muslim and was

faith: All shades and schools of thought are represented in the National Charter, which was drawn up by a group of leaders representing all ideologies and

(Continued on page 3)

Jordanians cast votes in festive mood

5,201

By Jordan Times Staff Reporters

JORDANIANS were in a festive mood yesterday as they went to the polis Monday in the Kingdom's first multi-party elections since

Candidates bussed their supporters to the polling centres, security forces kept a close watch, and officials-maintained a nointerference-but-nononsense-either approach to a closely-fought battle for the 80 seats in the Lower House of Parliament.

Businessmen in smart Western-style suits rubbed shoulders with farmers in their traditional flowing robes lining up to vote while women in bright embroidered bedouin thobes and young girls in American jeans jostled each other at segregated polling centres to endorse their representatives for the next four years.

The country observed a public holiday to facilitate the voting process, which crowned a largely lacklustre but hectic three-week period of campaigning by some 550 candidates, including three women, in the 20 electoral districts in the eight governorates from Irbid in the north to Maan in the south.

By the time formal campaigning ended Sunday, with the parliamentary hopefuls estimated to have spent over JD 40 million in trying to win the hearts and minds of the voters, the number of candidates, who ranged from a former prime minister and several former ministers to bedouin leaders and farmers and a taxi driver, had shrunk-

en to 534. Initial turnout on Monday was disappointing, with less than fill per cent of the voters. who collected their voting cards turning up to exercise their right before 3 p.m., but it picked up in late afternoon and rose to 68 per cent by the time polling centres closed at 7 p.m. after 12 hours of vot-

Ideological and political differences aside, almost all candidates sought to ensure maximum votes by offering free rides to supporters to the polling centres. In many Third World countries it is a violation of the law to offer or accept such transport since it is considered an "induce-

But on the other hand, many Amman residents travelled to the villages of their origin to cast their precious vote under the new one-person, one-vote formula to relatives and clan members or friends.

The Ministry of Information Monday released an English text of the 1986 Election Law, which was adopted after slight amendments by the 11th Parliament elected in November 1989, and into which the one-person, onevote formula was incorporated under a Royal Decree in August this year.

It appeared to surprise many journalists have come here to cover the polls to realise that the change in the law, which had drawn an almost year-long heated debate in political circles. actually meant only removing "s"s from the word "candidates" wherever it is used in an article and amending another article in the 1986

The often-heard question from foreign journalists was why the change did not extend to the structure of electoral districts, and officials were heard explaining that this was an issue that His Majesty King Hussein has promised to address in due course of time.

There was no definite means to assess the outcome of the elections since the change in the Election Law had scrambled all givens from

the 1989 elections. Straw polls — as it was originally devised in Europe many years ago — and exit polls — as it is applied accurately today with computers and an array of varyingly



confusing parameters have yet to find their way into the Jordanian election scene.

But that did not discourage' candidates' voting agents. maintaining a constant vigil close to the balloting booth in the polling centres, to arrive at calculated guesses while assessing the fortunes/ misfortunes of their mentors. However, one would never know how accurate their assessment was since there was no scientific compilation

of the data. A ban on campaigning on election day went largely ignored in many areas where rival camps staged literally last-minute lobbying at the gates of the governmentschools-turned-polling cen-

Teenagers and small boys wearing sashes and T-shirts emblazoned with appeals from candidates handed out fliers to voters, many of whom openly trotted badges with their favourite candidates.

Women campaigners were out in strength at the gates of polling centres for women. As young chanted the

name of their favourite candidates at the entrance of a polling centre for women in Bag'a, voters crowded at the gate on a narrow road above which banners screamed promises of better services and democracy.

"I voted for the son of the ' said an old woman dressed in an embroidered traditional Palestinian dress as she left the centre in Jordan's largest Palestinian refugee camp, which is part of the Baiqa Governorate electoral district.

The rooms of a girls' school in Sweileh, where the voting booths were located in one of the Fifth District's polling

centres, were relatively quiet while young girls and women at the entrance of the school encouraged voters to elect their favourite candidate, handing fliers.

By and large, security forces, particularly policemen posted at strategic spots and inside and outside the polling centres, went out of their way to drop their formal attitudes and be cooperative with the voters.

"We are under standing orders not only to avoid friction but also to do everything we can to facilitate the process," said a police captain at a Jabal Amman polling centre as he gently guided an elderly woman to the right booth.

No serious violation of law and order was reported. If there were any problems, then they were sorted out away from the public eye and the prying media.

Gunshots were heard in one or two areas, but then it transpired that they were fired in the air by supporters greeting the arrival of their candidates doing rounds of the politing centres.

In Zarqa, the mood, barring a couple of incidents. was one of relaxation and festivity. Women at Al Yamama Girls School in the Nuzhah District were dressed up for the occasion and with the polling centre officials.

In the Jabal Abyadh suburb of Zarqa, a fight between two Bani Hassan contenders prompted police to intervene and seal the area. Children in that neighbourhood were seen chasing a bus, apparently of a rival contender from the area.

In the evening the mood changed. Enthusiasm and fervour grew stronger. The Fifth District, most of the houses were empty, the people preferred to stay in the streets, some campaigning for their candidates, while others were just "enjoying the atmosphere...watching people voting and seeing how

the mood goes."

68% of cardholders turn out to vote

By Ayman Al Safadi Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Sixty-eight per cent of the 1.203 million registered voters who had collected their voting cards turned out to the polls Monday in Jordan's first multi-party elections

since 1956. Over 821,000 voters took part in the polls to elect 80: deputies for the 12th Parliament from among 534 candidates who contested the elections in the 20 electoral districts.

The largely expected turnout was about five per cent higher than that at the 1989 elections when 63.29 per cent of the registered voters who had collected their cards cast their

ballots. The total number of registered voters in the Kingdom from among the 3.2 million population in 1989 was 1.51 million while the total number of eligible voters - all those above the age of 19 - was around 1.8 million before excluding members of the security forces who are not allowed to vote. One-and-a-half million eligible voters out of a total of

1.9 milion over the age of 19 registered for voting this year. The Northern Bedouins District reported higher voter turnout with over 92 per cent of the registered voters who had picked up their voting cards participating in the polls while Maan Governorate had the largest voter participation in 1989 with a 76.08 per cent

tumout. The governorate of Karak had the lowest turnout in 1989 with only 56 per cent of the 35.722 registered voters who picked up their voting cards showing up at the polls. The lowest voter turnout this year was reported in the Second District of Amman.

The voting process kicked off to a slow start but more voters started showing up at the polls late in the afternoon and the process proceeded with no major difficulties or

irregularities reported at any of the 2,906 polling centres.

Some voters, however, complained that they were not allowed to vote since they were registered in more than one voting district. But polling officials later said they were instructed to allow voters with dual registration to cast their ballot as long as they voted

only once. Minister of Interior Salameh Hammad had earlier said that some 70,000 names of eligible voters appeared in more than one constituency in the final voters list but that the ministry had pointed out that to polling officials and that they would not be able to vote more than

Other voters complained that they were denied their right to vote because unknown persons had collected their voting cards without their knowledge or consent. They said polling officials refused to allow them to vote even though their names were on the voters lists.

Some reports said that anumber of candidates collected the voting cards of voters in their constituencies and did not hand them over in time or intentionally kept them back in a bid to preempt the voters from casting their ballots for others.

Ministry of Interior sources had said that some groups were buying voting cards and destroying them but added that the ministry was under instructions to issue new voting cards to those who could not locate the document.

Many of the voters voted in constituencies to which they were transferred by candidates who wanted to increase their chances in the polls. The "immigrant voters" were expected to have had a strong impact on the outcome of the elections in some constituencies where the race was closely contested.

The elections took place



A 72-year-old woman votes in Monday's elections (Photo by Yousef Ai 'Allan'

under a new election law that -ic. That and the uncertainty replaced the bloc-voting system with the one-person, onevote formula. Under the old system, voters had as many votes as the number of parliamentary seats allocated for

their constituencies. About 10 out of the 20 registered political parties took part in the elections with the Islamic Action Front fielding 36 candidates.

The elections followed a lacklustre campaign in which major political issues took the backseat to matters of direct

concerns to the constituencies. The focus on services in the three-week electioneering period was partly attributed to the introduction of the new electoral rule that had candidates vying for the votes among their immediate tribe or local supporters. Accordingly, the campaign was provincial with little mention of the major political and economic issues facing the country.

The failure of the previous Parliament to deliver on many of the promises that candidates made during their politically oriented campaigns in 1989 also decreased public interest in slogans and political rhetor- jobs and fight poverty.

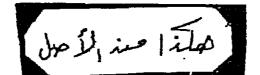
about holding the polls after the signing of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)-Israel accord on Sept. 13 dampened enthusiasm for the elections.

Observers say that a change

in the issues with which the electorate was mainly concerned also contributed to the absence of major political issues from the campaigns. While alleged government

corruption and the International Monetary Fund (IMF)sponsored economic adjustment programme dominated public attention in 1989, unemployment, poverty and other service related concerns were the major issues in which the public showed interest in 1993.

The campaign picked up steam, however, after the Higher Court of Justice revoked a Ministry of Interior decision to ban public rallies and Islamists, leftists and independent candidates invited their followers to public gathering where they made fiery speeches on the peace process, democracy and the need to build roads, find more



Weapons seized from Kuwaiti civilians

NEWS IN BRIEF

KUWAIT CITY (AFP) - The Kuwaiti authorities have

seized thousands of weapons from civilians, including 31

surface-to-air missiles and anti-tank rockets, which were left

behind by Iraqi troops in the Gulf war, the Kuwaiti Interior Minister said Tuesday. Sheikh Ahmad H'moud Al Sabah told

parliament Tuesday the arms were seized by a special task

force which began work in late 1992, after a deadline had

expired for the voluntary surrender of weapons. Sheikh

Ahmad said the 13,000 weapons, seized in 28 residential areas,

also included six anti-aircraft guns, hand-grenades, shells, detonators and nearly 5,000 assault rifles. Acting Parliament Speaker Salah Al Fadhala suspended the decree authorising

the seizures by the task force until the next full session of parliament, set for late December, following a complaint from a deputy about the way the weapons were confiscated.

NICOSIA (R) - Supreme leader Ayatollah Ali Khamenei

has authorised the Iranian government to seek a limited

improvement in icy relations with Egypt, Parliament Speaker Ali Akbar Nateq-Nouri was quoted as saying Tuesday. This could overturn a 1979 decree by Ayatollah Khamenei's predecessor, the late Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, which cut

diplomatic ties with Egypt in response to Cairo's peace deal, with Israel. Mr. Nateq-Nouri, quoted by Tehran's Salam newspaper, said Iran's Supreme National Security Council headed by President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani agreed in a

discussion that relations with Egypt should be restored. "This was relayed to the exalted leader (Khamenei). He said it was

not expedient. Recently when the matter was raised again, he

issued a permission on a particular level," he said without

elaborating. He was speaking in the southwestern city of Ahvaz. Mr. Nateq-Nouri's statement follows remarks by Mr.

Rafsanjani who told Egypt's veteran journalist Mohammad

Heikal in an interview last month that Iran and Egypt should

Khamenei for limited Iran-Egypt thaw

Simple majority for Majali in Parliament

(Continued from page 1)

accusations that the government interfered in the Nov. 8 elections, asserting that the executive was neutral and the polls fair and honest.

The government violated no norms by not resigning after conducting the elections, Dr. Majali said, adding that nothing in the Constitution requires his Cabinet to quit and that the designation letter from His Majesty King Hussein mentioned holding the elec-tions as one of the mission which the government had to

In their speeches, deputies accused the government of showing disrespect for the legislature, violating the norms by not resigning, and practising nepotism in senior government appointments, among other

Dr. Majali said the 11th Parliament was not consulted when the Cabinet was formed because it was not in session, and last week's ministerial change was not discussed with deputies during meetings he held with them because it was not

yet decided upon.

"Discussions with deputies (prior to the ministerial change) was meant to explain issues ... and informing the deputies of them," said Dr.

He said the exclusion of deputies from the Cabinet was required by the higher interests of the country so that deputies will concentrate on legislation. "This is a point of view," he

Dr. Majali said the Nov. 8 elections were held in a democratic atmosphere governed by the law. Accordingly, the "elections were free, fair and honest ... and the government remained neutral without allowing any irregularities," said Dr. Majali.

Responding to deputies' assertions that the government unilaterally changed the Elec-tion Law against the will of the major political parties and fiures and without the national dialogue it had promised, Dr. Majali said the introduction of the one-person, one-vote formula into the electoral process was in accordance with the Constitution that granteed equal rights for all citizens. He said the change, which

(Continued from page 1)

Mifleh Ruheimi (Jerash)

who was the first to speak

Wednesday, refuted allega-

tions by some deputies that the

government includes among its

ranks members of Al Ahd Par-

ty, the founder of which is

Karak Deputy Abdul Hadi

Majali, the premier's brother.

Me and my colleagues in Al

And Party had hoped that the

Cabinet would include a minis-

ter representing us, but the

party was excluded." Mr.

Ibrahim Zeid Keilani (Am-

man Third District), a promin-

ent member of the Islamic Ac-

tion Front (IAF), joined by

other front members and inde-

pendents like Saleh Irsheidat (Irbid), a former minister of

youth, criticised the premier for not consulting the deputies

Ruheimi said.

cancelled the bloc-voting sys-tem, came after "a national dialogue with all shades of the political spectrum and in response to a popular wish," adding that the King had endorsed the electoral amend-

Dr. Majali said the law allowed for contesting the amendments in the Higher Court of Justice but no one protested its constitutionality. Responding to deputies' de-

mands, Dr. Majali said the government would cooperate with the House to produce a modern election law that corresponds with the "aspira-

"We reaffirm our commitment to the orientation adopted by the National Charter that ... Islamic Sharia is the main source of legislation," the prime minister said in response to criticism by Islamist de-puties who said the policy statement did not say the government would move toward implementing Islam.

Also in response to Islamic Action Front deputies, Dr. Majali said school curricula are being developed by Jordanian experts in keeping with the law, values and traditions of the nation. IAF deputies had warned against altering the school curricula to suit the requirements of the era of normalisations of relations with

Dr. Majali reaffirmed Jordan's commitment to a just, lasting and comprehensive Middle East peace on the basis of international legitimacy and without compromising any of the country's rights.

"Just and comprehensive peace is what this government is seeking," he said, adding that Jordan is coordinating its stands with other Arab countries and not responsible for "backward state of the Arab World."

Dr. Majali pointed out the agenda for peace talks with Israel is not a peace treaty and that no such treaty will be reached without the approval of the legislature.

The government will not adopt any peace treaty without the approval of the House," he

He said the Kingdom has protested the Israeli higher court ruling to assume respon-sibility of Muslim holy places

Deputies heap criticism and praise on Cabinet

before announcing his govern-

puty Nazeeh Ammarin claimed

that Dr. Majali did not appoint

the right person at the right

post and that personal affilia-

tions predominate the shape of

Mansour Ben Tareef

(Karak) focused his speech on

the economy in general and the

agricultural sector in particu-

lar, requesting a unified source

Fifteen deputies presented a

petition to the prime minister

requesting that the interest on

agricultural loans be written

off, the debts rescheduled for a

period not less than 10 years.

the farmers be given a three-

year grace period, loans less,

than JD 10.000 be forgiven and

that all the above be included

in the 1994 budget.

for agricultural loans.

Dr. Keilani and Karak De-

ment reshuffle.

the new Cabinet.

in Jerusalem, adding that the Jerusalem Department of Aw-qaf, which is run by the Ministry of Awgaf, is still in charge of these places. Dr. Majali said Jordan supQadhafi

Libyans to

TRIPOLI (AFP) - Libyan

Leader Colonel Moammar

Oadhafi warned Libyans

Tuesday to be "ready to repel a new offensive." Libyan

In a speech in Tripoli's

western suburbs. Col.

Qadhafi urged Libyans to be

prepared, just as the older generation had "chosen re-

sistance and death against

Italian tanks and German

battleships" in World War II.

Col. Qadhafi has been

touring the country for daily

meetings with demonstrators

protesting at the decision by

the United Nations on Dec. 1

to freeze Libyan assets

abroad and to stop deliveries to Libya's petrochemical in-

The new sanctions are in

addition to an air and military

embargo imposed in April

They are intended to put

pressure on Libya to hand

over for two men suspected

of bombing a Pan Am flight

which exploded over Locker-

bie, Scotland in December

1988, killing 270 people anda French UTA airliner that ex-

ploded over Niger the follow-ing year with the loss of 170

Libya has refused to hand

them over to Britain or the

United States on the grounds

that they would not get a fair

trial, although it has agreed

to a trial in a neutral country.

Film loses Lonrho backing

Lonrho, the international

conglomerate, has withdrawn

financial backing from a con-troversial "film about the" Locketie bombing which it is co-financing with Libva the Financial Times reported

Stephen Walls and Peter

Harper, two of Lonrho's

newly-appointed non-execu-

ives, persuaded the Lonrho

board to end its involvement

in the film, the paper said.

They are also expected to

press for Lonrho to withdraw

from further cooperation

with Libya, which owns a

third of Lonrho's Metropole

Dieter Bock, the German

joint chief executive, was also

keen to abandon the film

project, which had been

started on the initiative of

Tiny Rowland, his fellow

The £330,000 (\$949,500)

film was to be made by Allan

Francovich, a U.S. producer

who has made a number of

highly praised documentaries

about the U.S. Central In-

telligence Agency. He said he

had not been informed of the

He added: "I am not going

to be stopped (from complet-

Mr. Rowland said he and

Mr. Bock were "at one" on

the Libyan issue. While the

board had decided to stop the

financing of the film "for the

time being." he said that work already completed was

of commercial value to

Mr. Rowland has accumu-

lated what he believes to be

evidence that Libya was not

responsible for the bombing

and reportedly passed the in-

formation to British minis-

ing the film) by anyone.

joint chief executive.

decision.

Lonrho.

hotels subsidiary.

probably Switzerland.

Wednesday.

dustry.

possible

attack

Television said.

alerts

ported the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)-Israel self-rule accord because it includes positive achievements for the Palestinian people whom he said Jordan will con-

tinue to support.
Emphasising the importance of national unity and equality among all citizens, Dr. Majali said: "National unity is not a slogan but a belief and prac-

The Cabinet's decentralisation programme, which was attacked by many deputies, was praised by Dr. Majali as an effective way for improving the performance of the government bureaucracy

Dr. Majali said his government supported demands to elect the mayor and council of Amman, that are currently appointed by the government.
The prime minister outlined

an 11-point programme for dealing with the problems of poverty and employment and promised measures to streng-then the agricultural and in-dustrial sector and the investment environment. He said the government will

work to improve the standards of living of public servants and army personnel adding that the government will work out a programme that ensures that subsidised basic goods benefit those who need them.

The prime minister also said the government would work to provide electric, water and other services to areas that lack

Though the government has information that enables it to respond to "slanderous remarks" made by some deputies, it will not do so in order protect national interests democracy, Dr. Majali

"We will not respond to personal attacks and violations of the norms of dialogue," said Dr. Majali, who drew applaud from deputies who opposed him when he apologised for statements made by some spectators against deputies who withheld bont deputies who

"I apologise to:anyobrother hurt by words made (by spectators)," said Dr. Majali.

Some of the deputies who

signed the petition conditioned

their signature to the applica-

tion of the above to the small

attacked what he described as

the government's non-Islamic

policies in education, media

and culture, calling for more

adherence to the codes of

Islamic Deputy Abdul

Mun'em Abu Zant, a fiery

orator and a popular figure

since the 1989 elections, set the

audience roaring in laughter several times with cynical re-

Mohammad Oweida, (IAF,

Balqa) first refused to speak until the television cameras

covering the event be re-

moved. But his request was

denied by Speaker Taher Mas-

Sharia in school curricula.

Suleiman Al Saed (Jerash)

farmers.

marks.

Canada offers Jordan remote-sensing technology

By Samer Ghaleb Bagaeen Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Jordan is to employ, with the help of Canadian high technology, the use of remote-sensing radar to help it monitor area tectonics and prepare geological surveys.

This was revealed yesterday by the Canadian ambassador to Jordan Andrew Robinson and the general director of the Royal Jordanian Geographic Centre, Dr. Oqlah Dhaimat, in a briefing hosted by the centre to celebrate the visit of the GlobeSar remote sensing air-

craft. Dr. Dhaimat explained that the centre was acting as the local project coordinator because of its expertise in the field of geological surveying and because of its extensive geographic information net-

Mr. Robinson described Canada's technological lead-ership in the field of remote sensing and reiterated that the visit is part of the ongoing technology transfer and skills development programme be-tween Canada and Jordan. He hoped that this project would enhance and extend the warm friendship between the two

countries. The GlobeSar programme is based at the Canada Centre for Remote Sensing in Ottawa, Ontario. GlobeSar, which has already carried out several demonstration flights in Taiwan, China, Thailand, Vietnam and Kenya, carried out such flights yesterday, spanning three hours, for the purposes of land surveying and data collection over Al Azraq, north and south Amman, Jerash and

Dr. Vernon Singhrov. project coordinator for Jordan said, the visit, which concludes Friday, also involves supplying the Royal Geographic Centre with the translated results of

the survey flights.

The GlobeSar team travels to Tunisia and Morocco next. Dr. Singhroy also explained how the flight is part of a larger project to be crowned in the spring of 1995 with the launch of the Canadian radar satellite (Radarsat) which will scan the earth for the next five years taking data and supplying information every five days in the tropics and every three days elsewhere.

"This satellite will join two other radar satellites from the European Community and Japan," assistant coordinator

Robert St. Jean said. Some major goals of the project are to monitor environmental pollution, map geological features and area tectonics in the hope of creating a comprehensive land information system. The system has also proven beneficial to hydrology, hydrocarbon exploration and in various other com-mercial applications, Dr. Singhroy said.

The second technical workshop, introduction to radar and its applications, was also concluded on Sunday. The first such workshop took place early in 1993.

U.S. battle group heads for Gulf

have a dialogue.

DUBAI (R) — A U.S. Navy battle group led by the Aircraft carrier Independence headed for the Gulf Tuesday to enforce U.S. air patrols over southern Iraq, a U.S. navy spokesman said. U.S. carrier-based aircraft have not patrolled the southern marsh regions of Iraq since early October because carriers were diverted from the Gulf to Somalia. The Independence and its battle group left Singapore on Monday and were expected in the Gulf soon, U.S. Central Command Navy spokesman Lieutenant Commander Bruce Cole told Reuters. It comprises of the nuclear submarine Helena, one cruiser, two frigates, an ammunition ship and an oiler. It replaces the aircraft carrier America's group, which left Somalia on Sunday for the Mediterranean Sea.

Singer who killed foreigners attacks guard and injures self

CAIRO (Agencies) — A de-ranged small-time pop singer held in a mental hospital for fatally shooting four foreigners in a luxury hotel's coffee shop attacked a guard Tuesday in an apparent escape attempt, police said.

Subdued and returned to his cell, they said the man injured. himself by banging his head

against a wall.

The singer, Saber Farhat
Abu Al Ala, was not thought
to be seriously wounded, a police spokesman said, speaking anonymously under usual

departmental practice. Mr. Abu Al Ala ha incarcerated in the mental hospital in suburban Abbaseya since shortly after his shooting rampage on Oct. 26 in a coffee shop of Cairo's swank Semiramis Inter-Continental.

Hotel. Witnesses said Mr. Abu Al Ala: shouted "Allahu Akbar" as he opened fire with a handoun. Two Americans and a Frenchman died at the scene. An official of the Italian Justice Ministry succumbed to his injuries after being flown home to Italy.

The police spokesman said Tuesday's incident began when Mr. Abu Al Ala asked police guard Mohammad Helmi Ali to let him leave his cell to go to the toilet. The guard complied and escorted the prisoner, but Mr. Abu Al Ala turned on Ali and began beating him. Responding to the policeman's cries for help, hospital personnel restrained the patient,

police said. Left alone in his cell, the police spokesman said, Mr. Abu Al Ala smashed his head repeatedly against the concrete wall. Staff again curbed his outburst and hospitalised him for treatment of cuts on his skull. His condition was not considered serious.

Mr. Abu Al Ala, 28, reportedly told interrogators he shot up the Semiramis cafe to avenge the terror done to Bosnian Muslims, the deaths of children, rapes of women, destruction of mosques.

Government spokesmen repeatedly have denied links between him and Muslim extremists whose anti-government violence, and police counterviolence, have lilled more than 240 people since early 1992.

But Mr., Abu, Al, Ala's pa-rents said on national television the night after the shooting episode that he had spent time in recent months Dairut, a town in southe... Egypt that has been under nighttime curfew for months

because of extremist violence. The worst single incident of in May 1992 in fields outside Dairut, the slaughter by Islamic radicals of 13 Christian farmers and a Muslim who helped them.

Gunmen kill policeman

Gunmen shot dead a policeman Tuesday in the Nag Ham-madi area of southern Egypt, and elsewhere more than 200 suspected fundamentalists were arrested, police said. Mohammad Mahmud Abul

Ala was killed on his way to work in Nag Hammadi, 580 kilometres south of Cairo, by suspected militants who managed to flee the scene. His death brought to 78 the

number of policemen killed since militants stepped up their attacks in March 1992 aimed at toppling the secular govern-ment of President Hosni Mubarak.

In Assyut province in southегл Egypt security forces arrested 183 militants who were preparing a demonstration over the arrest of 39 other militants Monday in the Al Rahma Mosque in Assyut, police said. The mosque is regarded as a

stronghold of the outlawed fundamentalist group Al Gamaa Al Islamiyyah. Three fundamentalists were injured during the arrests,

police said: Police entered the mosque firing tearges, after they had sealed off all the nearby streets.

OAU mini-summit launches peace project

CAIRO (AP) - Leaders of 11 African nations urged Tuesday that two Libyan suspects in the bombing of a Pan Am Jumbo jet be tried in a neutral country, supporting Libya's position in its conflict with the

Salem Ahmad Salem, secretary-general of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU), called OAU mini-summit also agreed on a peacekeeping agency to solve disputes on the continent when requested by concerned parties.

Mr. Salem said the agency's first job will be to send 180 soldiers and 20 civilians to Burundi before New Year's Day to shield government leaders, and encourage dialogue among warring factions. The mini-summit's final

communique said the African leaders discussed at Tripoli's request Libya's conflict with the United States, Britain and France and urged a peaceful. settlement for the dispute. The three countries pushed

through last month a U.N. Security Council resolution tightening sanctions to punish Libya for refusing to surrender for trial in the United States or Britain two suspects in the 1988 bombing of Pan Am Flight 103 over Lockerbie, Scotland. The attack killed 270 people.
The African leaders "called

for a fair trial for the suspects to be carried in a neutral coun-" the statement said. Libya's offer to send the

men to trial in any country other than the United States or Scotland has been rejected repeatedly by the Security Council.

Mr. Salem said the African leaders also discussed the turmoil in Somalia, which he said is not the responsibility of the OAU alone but of the interna-

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

Bahrain, Doha (RJ)

...... Kula Lumpur, Jakarta (RJ)

Beirut (RJ)

Athens (RJ)

Lamaca (Ri)

...... Aqaba (RJ) Rome (RJ)

tional community.

He praised Ethiopian President Meles Zenwal, efforts to nold an agreement among more than a dozen Somali factions and emphasised that

national reconciliation. Mr. Zenwai has convened a peace conference of Somalia's warring clans in Ethiopia's

attempts to solve the Somali

conflict must be based on

capital Addis Ababa. "Africa should speak in one voice in order to reach a solution," the summit statement said. That way, it said, the Somali factions would not misinterpret Mr. Zenwai's initia-

The United Nations now has a U.S.-led peacekeeping and relief torce in Somalia. The United States plans to withdraw all its forces by March 31. Most other participants are awaiting the outcome of the conference in Addis Ababa to determine whether to stay.

The Cairo summit also urged peaceful settlements for conflicts in Angola, Liberia and Niger and expressed support for the OAU efforts to bring them about.

According to Mr. Salem, the peacekeeping fund would be supported by five per cent of the OAU's budget and donations from African states and sources outside the continent. He said, however, that any

outside support, "should be unconditional." Mr. Salem added that the new mechanism for solving in-

ter-African conflicts will have no permanent standing army but will depend on the African countries peacekeeping experi-The countries attending the

meeting are Egypt, Zimbabwe. Senegal. Ghana, Djibouti, Burkina Faso. Cameroun, Tunisia, Ethiopia, Angola and

Israel and PLO exchange drafts

(Continued from page 1) that close."

After more than two months of talks, the PLO and Israel are apart on how much land Palestinians will control in Jericho, who will guard crossings to Egypt and Jordan, and how Israel will protect Jewish

settlers. But Egypt's Middle East News Agency said negotiators made progress on one point. the freeing of about 10,000 Palestinian prisoners, most seized in the uprising against Israeli occupation that began six years ago Thursday.

JORDAN TELEVISION

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The agency said the two sides agreed to Israel freeing about 3.000 Palestinians in the coming days.

U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher told reporters Wednesday after meeting President Hosni Mubarak that Washington would not object to a short delay.

"If they decided they need a few more days to get it right. it's important to get it right," Mr. Christopher said, siding with Israel in being less worried about the exact deadline (see separate story).

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calm violence (Continued from page 1)

An announcement of re-

'Self-rule will

and Israeli settlers.

newed Syrian-Israeli talks was expected in Damascus on Thursday, after Mr. Christopher meets for the second time this week with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad. Syria has indicated it would favour a meeting between Mr. Assad and U.S. President Bill Clinton, but Mr. Christopher has said any decision on this must be made by Mr. Clinton

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDER

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(Terminal 1)

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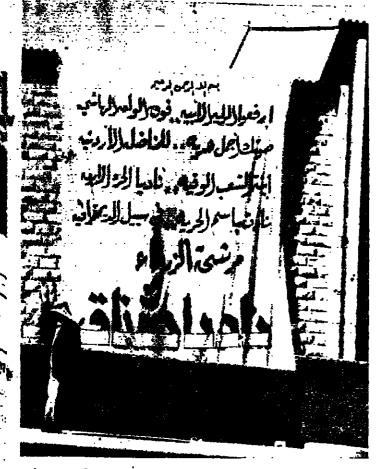
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المهلدًا صد الأجل

Voting centres close on time after Kingdom's landmark elections



A campaign banner remains hanging in Zarqa district (Photo by Rana Husseini)



His Majesty King Hussein talks to journalists at the press centre set up as a base for monitoring the elections at the Royal Cultural Centre (Photo by Aynsley Floyd)



Women cast their ballots at a voting centre in Amman's Third District (Photo by Aynsley Floyd)

Arab news agencies praise Jordan's achievements

AMMAN (Petra) — Representatives of Arab news agencies who arrived in Jordan to monitor the parliamentary elections said in statements Monday that they were impressed by the preparations and arrangements for voting

Slare.

throughout the Kingdom. "We feel proud of Jordan's achievements, and we consider any Jordanian successes as accomplishments for the Iraqi people," said Deputy Director of the Iraqi News Agency Nouri Zeidan. "We hope that the democratic experiment of Jordan will be successful and serve the Jordanian people who are deeply admired and loved by the Iraqis," he added. Mohammad Salem Al

Marhoun, director of the Oma-ni News Agency, said that the Jordanian people and lead-ership continually cope with the developments and the changes of the modern age and rements of real democracy. The parliamentary elections in Jordan represent the fruit of a long struggle on the part of the Jordanian people towards pluralism and democracy, he added.

Referring to the Shura Council in Oman, Mr. Marhoun said that it is an Islamic experiment reflecting the traditions of the Omani society. Debates and discussions during the Shura meet-ings are all published in the local media, he said. Members of the Shura Council have the right to contact any government official to discuss issues of concern to the Omani peo-

ple, Mr. Marhoun added. According to Navef Moula, secretary general of the Ministry of Information, 60 foreign correspondents and 66 local reporters covered the general elections in Jordan Monday and benefited from the fully integrated information centre set up at the Royal Cultural Centre (RCC) in Amman, where they covered the election process in different areas.

Any statement by the Minister of Interior or other government officials was simultaneously translated into Arabic or English, while Jordan Radio and Television carried live coverage of the progress of the elections in the country's governorates, according to Mr.

He said the local and foreign correspondents were provided with the necessary facilities to dispatch their reports on the

The Telecommunications Corporation (TCC) provided the press centre with 10 lines ternational fax channels and two teleprinter lines.

Ahmad Rawashdeh, director of the TCC Commercial Section, said that the TCC also provided ample channels for

Jordan Radio and Television. He said the TCC set up a special operations room which. was connected directly with operations rooms in the various governorates.

Meanwhile, the Greater Amman Municipality Monday began removing campaign posters and banners along streets and public squares. A municipality official said that the process which started early Monday morning, entailed the removal of nearly 10,000 posters and banners in addition to photographs.

King voices satisfaction

(Continued from page 1)

beliefs, the King pointed out. In any event, he said, "we have always reaffirmed our national unity, considering ourselves as one family regardless of our origins.

"We take pride in our brotherly relations and our national duty would not be affected negatively by any external influences or circumst-

In comments later in an interview with Jordan Television, the King reaffirmed his commitment to democracy and called on the people to live up to their responsibilities at this very critical circumstances."

"We pray to God to make a success of our efforts and enable us to leave for the future generations the task of continuing the democratic process, political pluralism and respect for human rights," the King

"I sincerely hope that this region will enjoy just and comprehensive peace acceptable to the future generations and that what we are doing now would serve as a gift to them," he

Asked whether Jordan would have reached a peace agreement with Israel before Jordanians went to the next polls in 1997, the King expressed optimism, but said many issues needed to be sorted out before arriving at comprehen-

sive peace in the Middle East. The King declined to confirm or deny Israeli media reports that he met with Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres



last week, saying: "If the rules of the game are that one should not confirm or deny anything ... obviously a process has started a long time ago, and it is ongoing.

We are for a comprehensive peace in this region, and, as far as we are concerned, we are totally committed to the course of a just, durable peace.'

In an implicit reference to the differences among the Palestinians over the Middle East peace process, the King noted that Jordan's support for the Palestinians remained firm despite "the fast-moving developments."

"We have called on the Palestinians and continue to urge them to preserve cohesion and solidarity," the King said. "We will continue to provide them with all possible backing and assistance.

The King expressed hope that Jordanian-Palestinian relations "will be built in a manner that would remove all suspicions, illusions and traces left behind as a result of

attempts by our enemies or as a result of misunderstandings."

"We are exerting all our efforts and offering all support for the people of the occupied territories to help them regain their legitimate rights," said, adding future relations between the two banks of the River Jordan "will be decided upon by the people them-

"But, reaching a certain formula requires building from the base," he said.

Reaffirming his rejection of any single party seeking sovereignty over Jerusalem, the King expressed hope that the Holy City would become the meeting place for the faithful rather than a point of con-

"We do not accept nor will we ever accept any authority expect that of God over the Holy City and the sacred shrines," the King said, voicing hope that a peace could be attained that "will be acceptable to the future generations who can protect it and enjoy its

Voting in all 20 constituencies runs smoothly — minister

going smoothly and in an

AMMAN (Petra) — Interior Minister Salameh Hammad Monday said that 534 candidates were in the race for Parliament on election day, Monday, and there were no last minute withdrawals.

Mr. Hammad said that a total of 2,906 ballot boxes were set up around the country when the election process started in the morning.

He said reports from the 20 constituencies in the Kingdom

indicated that the election was

orderly fashion. Information Minister Ma'an

Abu Nowar said that certain people were discovered distributing campaign leaflets on election day, in violation of regulations. The security authorities in various regions, he said. will take appropriate me-

asures against these people.

According to the Election Law, the election campaign stops one day prior to election

Asked whether the parliamentary election in Jordan was in any way connected with the ongoing Middle East peace process, Dr. Abu Nowar said that there was link between the two. Jordan has its own constitution which determines the dates of general elections regardless of regional developments or circumstances, he

He said the Jordanian people were adhering to and carrying out their national duty.



King congratulates Cambodia

AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein Monday sent a cable of good wishes to Cambodia's Monarch Norodom Sihanouk on his country's national day. King Hussein wished the Cambodian king continued good health and happiness and further progress for the Cambodian people.

WHAT'S GOING ON

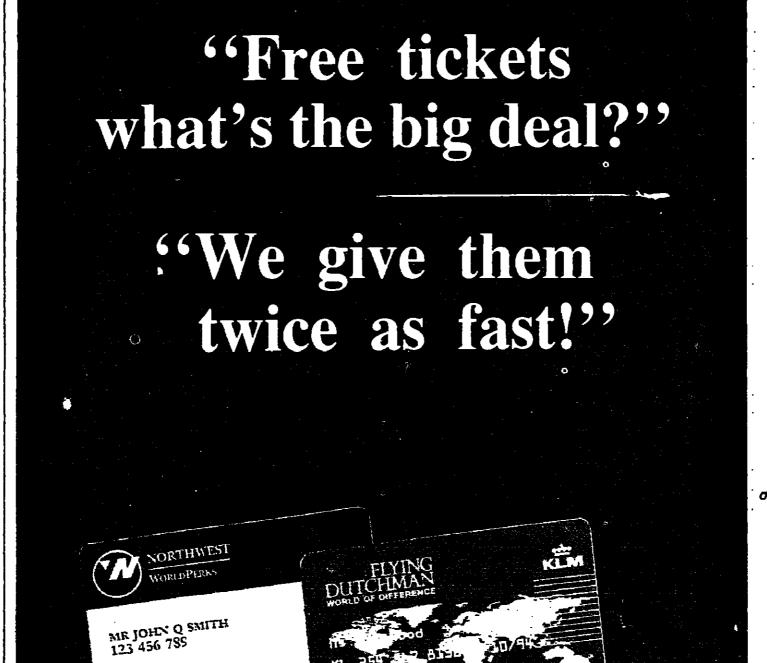
The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

- Rightion of recent paintings by artist Ammar Khammash at Darat A! Fumm of the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation in Jabel Luweibdeh. Also showing, the permanent exhibition (Saturday-Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.) Art exhibition by a group of artists at Orfali Art Gallery
- (telephone 643251/2). त Art exhibition by artist Mustafa Aii at Baladna Art Gallery. Art exhibition by artist Sa'di Al Ka'bi at Alia Art Gallery
- (7:39-13:30 and 1500-1800). Art exhibition by artist Mohammad Al Jaloos at the French Cultural Centre.
- # Art exhibition by artist Mohammad Abu Zraiq entitled "Views" at the Royal Cultural Centre. * Exhibition of ceramics and coloured glass by artists Khalid Mahafash and Basel Tarawneh at the Royal Cultural

FILMS

- A Film in French entitled "Foreigners in Germany" at the Goethe lumitut at 8:00 p.m. (13 minutes).
- A Plies to English entitled "Potsdam Its Castles and
- Gardens" at the Goethe-Institut at 8:00 p.m. (60 minutes). ☆ Belgarian Blue entitled "Moments in a Box of Matches" at Abdul Hasteed Shoman Foundation at 6:00 p.m.





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The Reliable Airline KLM

By Rami G. Khour

4 Opinion & Analysis

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Promise of new House

TODAY should mark the beginning of the dismantling of candidates' banners and with them campaign promises and electioneering in general. This is a good time therefore for stock taking of the whole parliamentary elections, in terms not only of its impact on our lives here but also of their echo in the regional and international contexts. Judging by the widespread global interest in our democratic process that has been consolidated by yesterday's free and fair polls, our people can be proud of what they have achieved so far and what they expect to accomplish in the future. From the local perspective, the outcome of the elections would have an immense impact since it will define more clearly the political landscape around us. The international and regional perspective is clearly no less important. The states of the Middle East region can be expected to engage in an in-depth analysis of the full import of the Jordanian experiment in democratisation. The results of the Jordanian elections may for example give the clearest signal yet where Jordanians stand on the peace process in the area. The continuity in holding free and fair elections, on regular and constitutional basis, should also tell a living story about how deep and irreversible Jordan's democratisation process has become. This should make the issue of democracy in the area all the more pressing and relevant for its future development.

Likewise the international community has been watching ever more closely the Jordanian experience in a bid to gauge the effectiveness and viability of democracy in this part of the world. The organic link between democracy and human rights on one hand and democracy and self-determination on the other have been among the highlights of the June Vienna World Conference on Human Rights. Developing states have been experiencing formidable hardships in spawning roots for democracy in their midst. Some have even written off democracy as not a viable political system for those countries given their rate of development. The extent of the Jordanian success or lack of it in pluralistic democracy may therefore shed needed light for the rest of the concerned world.

Against this backdrop, no matter what the colour of the new Lower House is, the fact remains that this country has moved effectively in the direction of consolidating its democratic process. There was doubt for a short while that rapid advancement towards democracy would have to be halted before it rolled. The national decision to go ahead with the elections has thus to be vindicated not only by the composition of the new lower chamber, but also by the keen regional and international stakes in the process that made the elections possible in the first

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

"AS WE sow, so we shall reap," is the title of an article by Saleh Al Qallab, a columnist in Al Dustour daily Monday, the day of the elections. Today will be a very decisive day in the history of Jordan as the people go to the polls to choose their representatives in Parliament for the coming four years, said the writer. Jordan is in need of new blood in Parliament and of people who have not sat yet in Parliament before and who are determined to serve their nation with diligence and loyalty, said Qallab. It is a historic day for Jordanians who go to the polls with confidence in their ability to choose the best, added the writer. He said his advice to the voters is to rely on their conscience and their mind and elect those who want to win a seat in Parliament in order to better serve their country from a responsible position. He said those who fail to go to the polls today have only themselves to blame if they are not satisfied with the performance of the Lower House, noting that

whatever we sow will be there for us to reap.

A COLUMNIST in Al Ra'i daily Monday commented on recent statements by Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin who keeps declaring to the world that the refugees would not be repatriated, Bader Abdul Haq has said that Mr. Rabin says the Palestinians are living an illusion if they believe that Israel would allow thousands of refugees to return to their homeland. How can we live in peace and how can the Arabs regain their rights in their homeland when they see Mr. Rabin taking this stand, and how can peace be achieved when Israel continues to slaughter the Palestinians and continues to occupy their homeland? asked the writer. What Mr. Rabin is planning to do is to bring in thousands of Russian Jews to settle in the place of the Palestinians in their usurped lands and homes, continued the writer. He said that the well-known Arab and Palestinian Professor Walid Al Khalidi has pointed to the bitter facts about the situation in his recent lecture on the Middle East peace prospects. The professor was plain in his lecture and was frank in telling the Arabs that the recent agreement with Israel was based on lies and deception, added the writer. What Mr. Rabin wants to achieve out of his agreement with the PLO is a peace that would only serve Israel's interests, he said. Mr. Rabin wants to achieve peace through stifling of the voice of the resistance and the subjugation of the will of the Arab population, he added. The View from Fourth Circle

An election about identity, not ideology

The Jordanian parliamentary elections held yesterday may be seen by future generations as an important milestone in modern Arab history. It is one of the rare examples in modern Arab history of Arab people expressing themselves freely and therefore hinting at what sort of Arab political culture we may expect to see evolving in this region in the years and decades to come. This is a historic moment not because Jordan's domestic politics can impact on events in this region, but rather because the political process under way in Jordan may prove to be a practical example of national political transformation in other parts of the Middle East and the boarder Islamic and Third

The single most important aspect of Jordanian political transformation is the concept of "the politics of inclusion" — the fact that no shade of opinion is excluded and rather that every brand of political iccology and any social or religious sentiment can participate in the political game and compete for seats of power in Parliament and in the cabinet. This is the novelty that Jordan represents today; it is in sharp contrast to the politics of exclusion and violence that characterise larger and historically more important Middle Eastern societies such as those of Egypt, Algeria, Iran, Turkey, Syria, Sudan and Saudi Arabia, to name only the most obvious.

Though this is being written before the election results are known, it is clear from the campaign that Jordanians have taken advantage of this opportunity to express their true political/cultural identity. This identity seems to be based on three main characteristics: tribalism, Islam and Arabism. These are, respectively, the most dominant social, religious and political/cultural forces that define Arab society; it is no surprise to see them rise to the surface after the people have been relieved of the worst constraints of modern Arab oligarchy and autocracy.

These elections do not necessarily reveal what we want or wish to become; they mainly tell us who we are and what we believe in. They are an expression of personal and communal identity, rather than of political ideology or national goals. This is no surprise either, given that in the last half a century the Arab people have been denied the opportunity to express themselves in a free atmosphere of political, religious and cultural pluralism.

Many people — and most foreign observers — make the mistake of focusing on the strength of the different political forces in the country, especially the Islamists who caught the West asleep in Iran a decade and a half ago. The more important development to watch in the future is the synthesis among the three defining forces of tribalism. Arabism and Islam. How these three mesh together into a single political culture will determine the nature of our political structures and processes; these in turn will determine whether we evolve into stable, productive, responsive societies or continue drifting into social disequilibrium, economic disparity and political and religious tension.

We always knew that tribalism, Arabism and Islam were our

major defining forces, so their assertion is no big surprise. In this campaign, though, we have also seen the emergence of an important new force in the country: the young, fragile, but real desire for more modern, liberal and egalitarian structures of civil society that are based on — but also transcend — our tribal/Arab/Islamic identity. This was perhaps most evident in the phenomenon of candidate Toujan Feisal in the Third District in Amman, but it can also be seen in other condidates whose campaigns mentioned issues such as the importance of institutional state structures, human rights, legal protections and other such topics.

The message we seem to be hearing from the people of Jordan is that our tribal/Arab/Islamic identity gives us comfort and strength, but it cannot be a blueprint for future progress and national development. The emphasis in this campaign on domestic, practical issues — as opposed to the regional and emotional issues that dominated the 1989 campaign — is a sign of some political maturity among the people and also a sign of increasing pressures at the family level that people are expressing in the elections.

In the last decade only the Islamists tapped into this strain of social, economic and emotional grievances by individuals, families and entire communities; therefore, they dominated elections held in the period 1988-1992. Today, the electoral playing field is rather different and far more fair and intellectually richer. People discontented with the status quo now have options other than the previous limited choices of the Islamists, rebellion, vegetation or emigration.

Yet, the 20 or so new political parties have been unable to tap into this reality, because the parties — like almost all the official political and state structures that we imported from Europe in the second quarter of this century - are culturally alien to our community. It is noteworthy that lowest on the national credibility scale in Jordan today are the structures of state, the political parties and the official and private media that reflects them both, while highest on the credibility scale are the more traditional structures of this society, namely tribalism, Arabism, Islam and King Hussein's embodiment of monarchy as a traditional protective, patriarchal form of

It is no accident, also, that most parties and independent candidates should have come up with such shallow political programmes, preferring instead to emphasise emotional slogans. This, too, is a reflection of cultural traits in a society whose ancient social traditions and modern oligarchic political forces have both promoted personal allegiance and emotional dependency as the keys to survival, power and personal

It would have been unnatural for our politicians suddenly to offer the people intelligent, rational, responsive political programmes that address the many practical issues that define people's lives — such as water, schooling, affordable food, jobs, housing and legal rights. It was more natural for aspiring parliamentarians to repeat the ways and the words of the past

— to appeal to the heart rather than the head, to plead the narrow dictates of flesh and blood ties instead of the expansive promise of an egalitarian society that respects tribal forces thile also assuring people rights through a system of law and civil structures.

The campaign showed that traditions are still very strong in Jordan, but also that serious change is under way. The large and mixed crowds that the women candidates attracted are powerful signs of a new mentality that has started to infiltrate into our old ways. The fact that some large extended families could not agree on a single candidate and fielded three or four

in some cases, is also a sign of significant change.

The most serious flaw in the election process is the weakness that allowed perhaps tens of thousands of voters to obtain two or more voting cards, while some voters did not get their one card. Clearly, and despite the best efforts of our civil servants. the logistics of voting are flawed and are subject to manipula-tion by those who would abuse the weaknesses of a traditional, Third World culture trying to master the mechanisms of a

modern system of participatory democracy.

It would be worth the extra effort to make a thorough, independent investigation after the election to find out how it was possible for people to get more than one voting card and to try to find out how many people voted more than once - if any. Such an investigation cannot be conducted by government officials alone; it needs independent investigators who are empowered to have access to all Ministry of Interior documents and records, to make sure that the few flaws that do exist are remedied before the next election. To hide this issue under the table and make believe it does not matter would be a grievous blow to the credibility of our process of political liberalisation. Let us hope that it does not distort the will of the people this time around, and that the Ministry of Interior officials in charge of the election worked out a system, to negate double or triple voting where it may have occured.

Another deficiency was the inability of candidates to make use of the official media - especially radio and television - to promote national debate and reach the largest possible number of voters. The state is neutral as a political actor in the domestic pluralistic system, according to the National Charter, but this does not mean that it rolls over and plays dead, and denies the people use of its powerful electronic mass media for the purpose of promoting pluralism. This has to be corrected in future elections. If there are so many candidates, then the state should summon many more corners of the human brain to figure out how to give them equitable access to the state-owned media.

Despite these flaws, this election has been an important milestone on a very long road of modern Arab political transformation and development. I think Jordanians can be proud of the experience and all Arabs can learn from it as they continue their millennial quest for national dignity on the basis of an individual's free expression of identity and aspirations.

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A well defined Jordanian- Palestinian relationship to end all fears and suspicions

By Lamis K. Andoni The signing of the Israelisuspicions and fears among

Jordanians (East Bankers) and Jordanians of Palestinian origin. The potential creation of a Palestinian entity has placed Jordanians of all origins at a crossroad: for the first time since 1950, when the West Bank was united with the Kingdom, Jordanians literally overnight became subjects of two separate entities. with assumed different interests

and allegiances. Consequently, the haunting question of who is a Jordanian and who is a Palestinian had suddenly become crucial and was portrayed as if it were the major factor to determine Jordan's futune and stability.

Aware of the seeds of friction, His Majesty King Hussein, in a nationwide address last month. explained that one of the reasons he decided to go along with holding elections on schedule was to prevent a Jordanian-Palestinian political and social polarisation.

"... The strength of unity among the members of our one family, regardless of origin or descent, their equality in rights and obligations in the most critically situated part of the great Arab homeland - all these are real foundations too strong to be tampered with." he said.

In a clear message to all Jordanians, of all origins, the King indicated he will not tolerate any questioning of the allegiance of the Jordanians of Palestinian origin nor any attempt to sow friction among the one family.

"Whoever does so (tampers with national unity) in any form or shape is deemed not to be one of us. He shall be my foe and yours until the day of judgment. the King said firmly in a warning that was interpreted to be mainly directed at advocates of stripping Palestinians of their civil or/and political rights.

Even though the King has set the tone on the issue and obviously aimed at drawing the line for all sides concerned, the debate — that has fallen short so far of a candid and thorough dialogue - has not abated. The most alarming aspect of the ongoing debate is that the

two identities appear to be pitted

against each other as if the

realisation of one is mutually

exclusive of the other. Such an understanding of the relationship is not only erroneous, it could also seriously jeopardise social cohesion and national unity as well as undermine Jordanian and Palestinian aspirations to maintain Jordan's sovereignty and Palestinian national rights in Palestine. For

the practical implications of the underlying assumptions that Jordanian national and Palestiniga national expressions contradict each other would only serve the goal of transforming the Palestinian-Israeli conflict into a battle for survival between Palestinians and Jordanians. Furthermore, portraying the

Palestinian identity as the antithesis of the Jordanian identity defies the very essence of the Palestinian national movement as it emerged in its modern form with the aim of achieving Palestinian national rights. After all, the main goal of the Palestinian national movement, as embodied in the PLO and even in previous movements, was to assert an independent Palestinian identity and national rights in Palestine and not in Jordan.

In that context, the national dimension of the Palestinian Arab movement did not evolve to counter the Jordanian identity but to counter Israeli claims that Palestinians, as a nation, did not exist and the refugees should be absorbed by the Arab World.

The friction that has existed since the late 1940s between the Palestinian national movement and Jordanian governments had in fact nothing to do with the conflict between the two identi-

At the root of the conflict was Palestinian determination, rightly or wrongly, to be identified separately from any other government, partly not to give Israel a pretext to ignore national Palestinian rights and partly because Palestinians viewed most Arab governments as independent - for objective or subjective reasons - from western influence.

In fact, throughout the fifties and the sixties - political divisions over what were viewed as pro-western Jordanian policies were wide-spread. Thus, the opposition movement - that called itself the Jordanian national movement - in those days comprised Jordanians and Palestinians alike, just as governments which pursued those policies included Jordanians and Palesti-

In fact, the Palestinian movement was seen as well separated from the Jordanian movement that opposed Jordan's joining pro-western pacts and struggled for completing Jordan's independence from the British Man-

The emergence of a separate Palestinian movement was mainly initiated by Palestinians in other countries, but was later ioined by Jordan's Palestinians as an expression of general disillusionment with Arab governments' and parties' abilities. especially with pan-Arab

goal of liberating Palestine. In Jordan, the association of the country's policies with the West in the fifties and sixties was viewed by many Palestinians as an obstacle to Palestinian selfdetermination since the West. initially Britain and later the

U.S., did not come to terms with

Palestinian rights and favoured

nationalist parties, to pursue the

Jordanian representation, Jordan, which believed its policies were deeply rooted in pan-Arabism as embodied in the 1916 Great Arab Revolt by the King's great grandfather. Sherif Hussein Ben Ali, saw its responsibility towards the West Bank and Palestine in general to be consistent with its pan-Arab identity and the Hashemite mission.

The 1964 creation of the PLO and, more significantly, Arab and international recognition of the PLO as the sole and legitimate representative of the Palestinian people, boosted Palestinian demands but deepened friction within the Jordanian society.

But the turning point was the 1970 showdown between the Jordanian army and the PLO when Jordan was threatened by the PLO's attempts to create a sanctuary for the Palestinian revolution in the Kingdom. In that year, and after division, the Jordanian-Palestinian basis became clearer. Although Jordanians and Palestinians remained on both sides of the systemversus-the-opposition equation. a new situation emerged where Jordanians of Palestinian origin, at least the majority, were torn between the PLO representation of their national rights and their Jordanian belonging and to a large extent feit they were part of Jordan and became integrated in the society.

The situation presented an equally difficult dilemma to the Jordanian state and consecutive governments that had to deal with the fact that a considerable percentage of the population was committed to another political entity, the PLO. What further complicated the

situation was the fact that until Jordan disengaged itself from the West Bank, many Palestinians were suspicious that Jordan was ready to take over the PLO's Actually, these suspicions continued and were reinforced when

the U.S. and Israel rejected a

direct role for the PLO in the

peace process when it was first launched two years ago. Consequently, the Oslo Accord, particularly the mutual recognition between Israel and the PLO, should in theory have removed a major source of friction, setting the stage for healthier Jordanian-Palestinian relations. In practice, however, the accord may have contributed to the clear distinction between lordan and Palestine - refuting claims by Israeli extremists that Jordan is Palestine - but on the domestic level it brought to the surface many contradictions. The question now is: Why did that

have to happen? To start with, it is doubtless that the absence of a joint, clearly defined Jordanian-Palestinian vision for future relations has been a major factor that has contributed to the current ambi-

Second, the fact that the PLO did not consult with Jordan on the fundamental outlines of the accord - which included provisions that could directly or indirectly affect Jordan - has offended many Jordanians.

But it is not a secret that one of the aims of the PLO, in seeking direct dialogue with Israel, was to assert its role and to preempt the U.S. and Israel from using the deadlock at the peace process to rule out the participation of the organisation and seek instead Jordan's representation of the Palestinians. But this does not mean that Jordan would have accepted such a role for itself anyway. Jordan's policies over the past 20 years have in fact pointed to exactly the opposite

Another factor is the nature of the accord itself, which has the potential of pitting the Palestinians, together with the Israelis as some sort of partners, against the Arab World, including Jordan. A point is made in the accord to this effect, but it is resented by the PLO which has reiterated that it will use the agreement to disengage the Palestinian entity from Israel. An additional serious problem

is that the accord, for whatever reasons that could well have been out of the PLO control, has left the future of Palestinians in the diaspora, including in Jordan, suspended.

The last factor created confusion in Jordan, prompting officials to issue contradictory statements about Palestinians' political rights in Jordan. For while one day there would be an official statement suggesting that Palestinians would have to choose now between the two entities, the next day there would be statements indicating that the status of the Palestinians would not change.

The King's decision to hold the elections on schedule without affecting the Palestinians' rights to nominate themselves or vote, had considerably eased the tension but did not end it.

The initial contradictory statements quickly reinforced the

trend by some ultra "nationalist" Jordanians who call for stripping Palestinians of their political rights while, at the same time. unnerved the Palestinians who felt insecure about their status in the country.

All of a sudden Palestinians felt that they have to prove their loyalty. Palestinian national aspirations seemed to be contradicting Jordanian interests, at least as expressed by those who resent Palestinian influence in Jordan — an influence which has been the result of both Jordan's granting Palestinians its citizenship (acting from a broad pan-Arab nationalist perspective) and of Palestinian active participation in building the COUNTRY.

The accord also triggered a complicated process of self-awareness on both sides, which manifested itself in some negative ways, hidden and public. These manifestations were re-

flected in practices by some government departments - which contradicted the official policies as expressed by the King himself that implied discrimination against the Palestinians. The message the Palestinians

Palestinian entity was in the making they should "leave Jordan for the Jordanians." These practices, that again are inconsistent with the official line, reinforced the feeling among

were getting was that now that a

many Palestinians that they are being treated "as second class These perceptions, rightly or wrongly, deepened a feeling many Palestinians had had and which were reinforced by the

accord, that they are "separate if This feeling has been reflected in two practical, sometimes contradictory attitudes. First, there has been a tendency among Jordanians of Palestinian origin political rights in Jordan, includ-

ing jobs in the government and all its departments. Second, there was a force for alienation and apathy among some Jordanians of Palestinian origin who were either intimidated by prospects of losing their rights in Jordan or already felt that their place was somewhere else, in the future Palestinian

entity, or both. It is doubtless that the PLO has also played a negative role by its continous failure to take into consideration the sensitive situation in Jordan and the implica-tions of its decisions on Jordan, a point conceded by many PLO officials. But so far nothing much has been done in terms of an in-depth study of Jordanian-Palestinian relations by the leadership in Tunis.

But the PLO's negligence and mistakes, that are admitted and criticised by Jordanians of Palestinian origin, should not be used to justify discriminatory practices or attitudes against Palestinians, as many argue.

To some Jordanians, this Palestinian attitude translates into "the Palestinians wants totheir rights and privileges in Jordan without iconardising their.

national rights in Palestine. It is note vorthy that the strongest advocates of making Palestinians choose between their political rights in Jordan and their Palestinian national rights could be counted among those who showed support for or in fact strongly supported the Oslo-accord.

It seems, as many analysts conclude, that at the heart of the problem is that the Oslo-Washington accords, by not referring clearly to the fate of the refugees, including those from 1967, could lead to the permanent settlement of Palestinian refugees in Jordan. Such analysis of the accords could only reinforce fears on both sides - those who are worried about the identity of Jordan and Palestinians who feel uncertain about their future.

Moreover, the mutual Israeli-PLO recognition has not ended Palestinian fears, among some at least, that the PLO could be still dealt out of the peace process if it does not prove its "efficiency" to build a state and at the same time discipline the Palestinians. To some, the conditions entailed in the Oslo-accord could jeopardise the PLO's credibility and legi-timacy — giving Israel the chance to once again flout Palestinian representation.

In addition, the conditions attached to the future Palestinian entity, which keep in doubt its future independence and evolution into a state, also provoke fears and suspicions among both

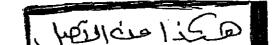
For although there is a realisation by both sides that their future is linked, there are fear among some Jordanians that a Palestinian entity would swallow up Jordan, since there would be as many Palestinians here as in the separate entity. The Palestinians counter that by asserting that what they actually want is a

future link based on equality In 1991, in a television interview with Rami Khoun, King Hussein said that there was no return to the pre-1967 relationship between the West Bank and Jordan, pointing at that any future relationship should take into consideration the interest and aspirations of both the Jordanians and the Palestinians.

on equal footing
But so far, the Jordanian and PLO leaderships have not been able to agree on an exact relationship, apparently in order to keep their options open, thus allowing ambiguities and sensitivities to translate into mutua suspicions.

As the debate continues, there an increasing belief that a definition for the Jordanian Palestinian relationship has to be reached in order to bury for ever those fears and suspicions.

Lame Andoni is a member of the Jordan Times editorial staff



Traditional tribal belt remains tight for politicians

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

ABU ALANDA --- In 1989, sixty-year-old Zuhaira Hasbeh voted for the first time in her life after her husband pressed her to drop her domestic chores and nine children for an hour to go to the polling centre. Amjad Hasbeh, a truck driver, died since, but his wife did not need any pressure this time around since it was her Monarch who issued the sum-

If anything, Mrs. Hasbeh, whose literacy is limited to scribbling her name, also urged all her neighbours to exercise their voting rights and managed to bring two of them with her to a girls' school in this small town in the tribal belt south of Amman to cast their ballots.

Tucking away her voting card and family registration book somewhere in the vastness of her flowing thobe after voting on Monday, Mrs. Hasbeh expressed satisfaction that she had done her part of the "national responsibility that His Majesty the King talked about two days

"There was no way I would have stayed home after the King said those who did not vote would be shirking their responsibility," said Mrs. Hasbeh, referring to an address the Monarch made Saturday when he emphatically called on all voters to exercise their voting right and opt for moderation and dedication in the next Parlia-

"I have done my duty." she said.

Luckily for Mrs. Hasbeh. one of her cousins had not only put down her name in the voting register but also collected her card.

Mrs. Hasbeh scowled with her tattooed chin when asked who her choice of candidate was. "It is my privilege and right to vote for whomever I want as long as I believe he will serve our interests," she said.

"It was a difficult choice," she admitted, however. "Every one of them talks too much and promises too much but does very little. I think I opted for the best among

Women voters jostling each other at the polling centres in their hurry to get to their children and cook for the tamily appeared to outnumber men who drifted in ones and twos in the eight or nine segregated polling centres in this industrial town. But that was no reflection

of apathy, residents said. Marwan Zyoud, a 25-yearold student, said most men were at work at one or another of the private sector establishments in the area and were expected to turn out to vote in the afternoon. Monday was a public holiday, but many private sector

firms opted to work and close

early to allow their workers who wanted to vote to do so. Poster-plastered minibuses of candidates disgorged hundreds of women at the polling centres to be greeted by teenage campaigners handing out fliers and leaflets

in last-minute hustlings. Hussein, an 11-year-old wearing a sash emblazoned with an appeal from a candidate in the name of "a better future for all of us," said his two brothers were working for a rival candidate.

"They are better paid." he said. "Here I am asked by my father to work for a candidate who happens to be a cousin.' Such family ties are typical

of the electorate in Amman's Fourth District where political parties stood little chance to gain ground against candidates from prominent clans in the area.

"We leave politics to the people of Jabal Amman who have the time and energy to spare," said Atwa Azzem Hadid, who said he was supporting the incumbent from the Hadid clan, one of the six or seven large families in the

"Politics works for people who are leading a contented, happy life," he said. "But for us here it is a matter of securing the minimum level of services."

His stand may be opinionated, but Mahmoud Jaber, a civil servant, said many voters in the area were looking

for candidates with a com-bination of tribal links and ability to deliver on promises of better services.

"There are major loopholes in the infrastructure of this area, and we need to address them," said Mr. Jaber.

Outside the secondary school where Mrs. Hasbeh voted, elderly women wearing campaign badges shooed away the boys who dared offer fliers to their suppor-

ters.
"I have told you a hundred times to stay away," shouted a middle-aged woman campaigning for a tribal candidate when a teenager carrying the fliers of a rival ran towards a group of women getting down from a minibus, apparently supporters of her candidate.

"I am going to complain to your mother," she told him, as the boy kept on grinning but made no move to back away. The boy, who gave his name as Amer, later explained that he and the woman were neighbours, and it was only a coincidence that

Women, who make up nearly 55 per cent of vote and run in elections in 1974 (Photo by Ran:

Jordan's population, were granted the right to . Husseini)

they happened to be on the opposite sides of the election

'That is her son who goes to the same school as me," said Amer, pointing to a sandwich seller who was

doing brisk business. Small world indeed. Is it possible that one of the policemen inside the centre is

his cousin or something? Which one? he wanted to know. "There is one I know who is married to the sister of a friend of mine."







renes from Monday's elections in Jordan for the Kingdom's 12th Parliament (photos by Yousef Al 'Allan)

House

Awadh Khleifat 3,988 votes Abdul Karim Kabariti 3,418

votes Tawfiz Kreishat 3.190 votes Taha Habahbeh 3.127 votes Bader Riati (IAF) 2,436 Balga

Ali Shatti Mohammad Oweida Mustapha Shneikat Ibrahim Hamdan Hashem Dabbas Abdullah Ensour Samir Kawar Fawzi Tuaimeh

Zaros

Bassam Emoush (IAF) 9.316 Mohammad Al Haj (IAF) 8,970 votes Theib Anis (IAF) 7,090 votes Fayad Jarrar 4,512 votes Abdul Baqi Jammo (Circassian) 1,235 Bassam Haddadin (Christian)

Mafraq

1111115

Abdul Karim Dughmi 3,672 Abdullah Akhou Rashideh 3,186 votes Mohammad Abu Oleim 2,644

Tafileh

Mohammad Daoudich 2,518 Abdullah Akaileh (IAF) 2,398

Ratch Al Saud 1,931 votes Northern Bedouins Sa'ad Hayel Al Stour Navaal Al Qadi

Ceptral Bedouins

Jamal Al Khreisha 3,263 votes Mohammad Adoub Al Zaben 2,200 votes

South Bedowns Salem Al- Zawaideh 3,717 Mohammad Oudeb Najjad

Irbid

2,453 votes

Ahmad Kofahi Abdel Rahim Akour Arel Batayneh Abdul Razak Theishat Saleh Irsheidat Saich Shawata Abdul Mujecd Azzam Abdul Raouf Rawahdeh Nater Abu Shaar

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OECD sees sharp rise in world borrowing

PARIS (AFP) — Borrowing on world capital markets, which hit an all-time high of \$610 billion last year, could smash all previous records in 1993 barring an unlikely reversal of a sharp uptrend in the first eight months, the OECD indicated Sunday.

By the end of August, total borrowing so far this year stood at \$526 billion, a sharp 36 per cent increase from \$388

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billion in January-August 1992, the Organisation fc: Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) said i. its thrice-yearly survey o financial market trends.

The very rapid expansion so far this year "seems unlikely to taper off in the months ahead" with the level of business in securities markets remaining high and syndicated lending and medium-term borrowing

facilities also showing a marked upward trend, the report said.

Industrial nations in the OECD boosted their borrowing to \$458 billion, a year-onyear rise of about \$120 billion, compared with \$536 billion for 1992 as a whole.

The survey said this largely reflected increased recourse to market financing by OECD government entities.

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It noted that several "largescale" bond offerings for OECD sovereign and public sector borrowers were expected before year-end.

However, borrowing by developing countries also contributed to the buoyancy of the markets, rising by almost one-third to \$43 billion during the first eight months.

This was barely short of the total of \$47 billion they raised annually both in 1991 and 1992, and included a record \$13 billion worth of bonds issued by Latin American borrowers.

Central and eastern European countries also made a come-back on the capital markets, raising \$4.0 billion, by far the largest amount since the late 1980s. But the survey noted that Hungary and the Czech Republic accounted for almost all of the new borrow-

OECD analysts stressed a "vigorous" expansion of business in practically all market compartments in the Januaryto-August period, led by a 43 per cent year-on-year increase in bond offerings which hit an all-time high of \$321 billion.

Taking into account an unusually large volume of redemptions, totalling about \$200 billion, the net volume raised was about \$118 billion, up \$45 billion year-on-year.

The survey noted that placements of international equities continued at a record pace, backed by the buoyancy in major stock markets, with the volume of new share issues up by six per cent to \$20.5 billion.

It also reported a pickup in syndicated commercial bank lending which rose by onethird to \$92 billion from \$72 billion in the first eight months

Lending terms have eased, with spreads for OECD borrowers falling to their lowest levels since the end of 1990.

OECD analysts said that besides the expected continued high level of Western financing needs, non-OECD borrowers were likely to remain active in the bond markets, with the Latin Americans leading the field helped by the recent up-grading of credit ratings in the

Banks and other financial institutions were also likely to continue looking to the securities markets for funds qualifying as capital under the new prudential regulations.

Corporate borrowers seeking to refinance maturing debt could also remain a major source of demand.

The survey singled out three factors which, in the view of OECD analysts, could "positively" influence the supply of capital in the period

1. — Large institutional investors operating on a global basis are supporting a broad trend towards asset divesification, by floating very large high-quality issues that have helped strengthen the liquidity of the Euro-bond market.

2. - Last year's foreign exchange turmoil does not appear to have had any lasting impact on securities trading.

3. — Investors have seen a widening of the outlets for investible funds and have been offered greater scope for active asset management thanks to new instruments such as "global bonds" and the emergency of new markets such as the Asian "dragon bond" market.

Indian exchange foreign reserves hit record high

BOMBAY (R) - India's foreign exchange reserves have reached a record high in a dramatic turnaround from an acute balance of payments crisis two years ago when the

country had to mortgage gold. The Reserve Bank of India (RBI), the central bank, has reported that total gold and foreign currency reserves in October reached \$11.5 billion. amounting to a comfortable seven times its monthly im-

The reserves have more than doubled since June 1991 when the government of Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao took over amid a severe balance of payments crisis. Total reserves at that time were \$4.7 billion.

The reserves have risen from \$9.3 billion in October last year, as the RBI bought more than \$2 billion to help stabilise the currency after the full float of the rupee in March.

Foreign exchange dealers say the RBI has been buying dollars to prevent the rupee from strengthening, which would undermine the country's

export drive. On the back of a nine per cent devaluation of the rupee at the time of the full float, India's exports are booming.

Last month India said its trade deficit declined sharply in the first five months of the 1993/94 financial year beginning April 1 to about \$264.6 million. This compared with just over \$2.3 billion in the same period the previous year. Exports rose more than 24 per cent in dollar terms.

The dramatic improvement has eased pressure on India to seek a new loan from the International Monetary Fund (IMF) of up to \$9.0 billion to cushion the balance of payments.

Bankers say it may no longer be necessary although the discipline of an IMF-supervised programme could be useful for

the government. The RBI has warned Delhi about the risks to its reform programme from a recent sharp increase in the government's fiscal deficit.

India's Congress party, facing crucial elections in five says the better economic outlook is the result of its bold economic liberalisation programme designed to integrate the country into the global trading system.

"In this reforms programme, we have to take full advantage of whatever the world has to offer. Isolation is injurious to the health of the nation's economy," Rao's Congress Party said in its manifesto for the

November polls. The Indian government has projected a five per cent growth in gross domestic product for the 1993/94 financial year ending March 31.

BIS seen cooling on European monetary union

BASLE, Switzerland (R) -The Bank for International Settlements (BIS) is seen cooling towards European monetary union once its general manager leaves at the end of this year, senior European monetary sources said Monday.

The world's oldest international financial organisation, set up in 1930 to regulate German war reparations, came down clearly in favour of a single European currency over the last few years under the management of Alexandre Lamfalussy.

"Under Lamfalussy the BIS played a more prescriptive role in international financial issues and clearly argued in favour of a fixed rate exchange rate system and the creation of a single currency," a senior monetary ource said.

"But with the collapse of the narrow band currency grid in the ERM this year the BIS commitment to European monetary union now appears a little unfortunate and I am sure it will shift towards a less pro-Europe and more neutral stance," he pointed out.

Belgian Lamfalussy, who has headed the BIS since 1985, led the central bankers' bank away from non-interventionist, free market international monetary thinking towards an approach advocating regulated and fixed exchange rate sys-

Monetary sources said the

diminutive, balding Belgian's departure from the BIS to take on the presidency of the European Monetary Institute (EMI), the fledgling European Community (EC) central bank, would accelerate the Basle-based bank's shift away from the Lamfalussv line.

Mr. Lamfalussy is expected to be replaced by Bank of England executive director Andrew Crockett.

"He is rather an unknown quantity," a source close to the BIS said. "He is more of a technician, more of a manager than Lamfalussy who was above all an excellent and international respected economist," he added.

Mr. Crockett, 50, worked at the International Monetary Fund for 17 years until 1989 before rejoining the Bank of Lengland where he started his career in 1966.

The sources said the EMI, to be based in Frankfurt and to replace the EC central bank governors' committee which is housed in the BIS headquarters in Basle, would only slightly alter the nature of one of the BIS' most important functions — the provision of an informal talking shop for central bank-

ers.
"You will probably now full of have a special train full of central bankers travelling from Basie to Frankfurt the second Monday of every month," a source close to the BIS said.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY NOVEMBER 9, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A very good day to contact indi-viduals whose experience is very different or more extensive than yours. Take time to come to an understanding with your com-petition. Be affectionate with

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Consider your various options for going places with friends who are dynamic and interested in putting across current and up to date plans of action.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Go to good friends with the capabilities which you want to express in public and seek from them introductions to bigwigs

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You can discuss your worldly ambitions with a usual associate who is forward looking and know how to turn unusual conditions to your advantage.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) If you are truly open-minded now you will be able to consuit with one who understands and appreciates the activi-ties in which you are most profi-

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Make the right practical arrange-ments whereby you can go out on the town with a progressive partner for a good time, to get away from tiresome problems.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) An exacting but fair

who can explain to you how you can do your work better so that you get family approval.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) It will take some effort on your part to contact and to arrange entertainments or recreations with those with the same sense of humour as your-

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) While you are doing your special aptitudes today make sure that you do them in such a fashion your family will approve and you can make more

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Your best bas of operation is at home and from there you can contact friends of vitality and get their aid in gaining your personal objectives.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You will need to talk fast and logically if you are to get out from under a worry that obsesses you about some private undertaking.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Find out first what you can do to increase your assets, then channel your energies wisely and get the assistance of those you can rely upon.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) It is necessary that you let a prominent person know your actual desires if you are going to be able to come out from under a

Aura Itale

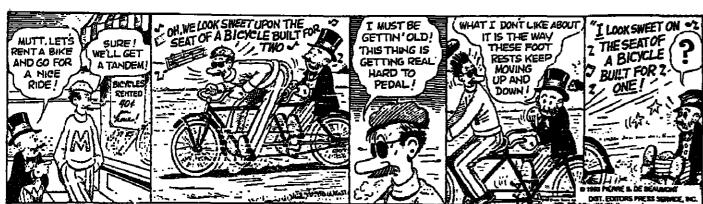
Peanuts



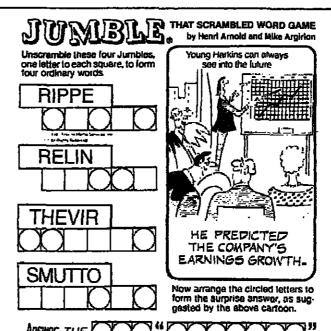
Andy Capp

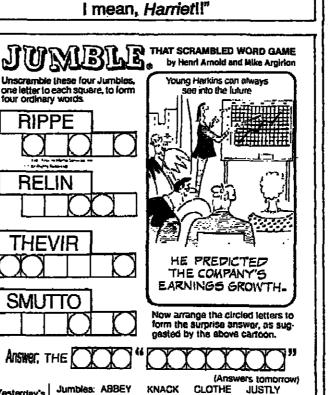


Mutt'n'Jeff

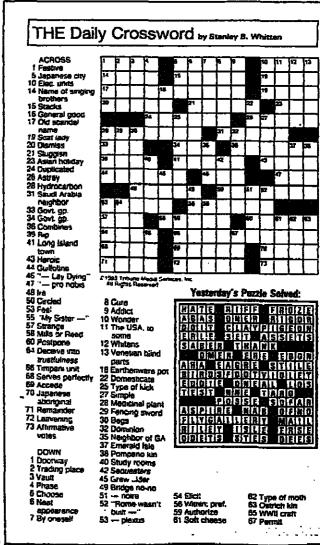


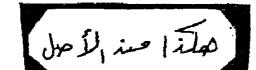






What the genie wished to avoid on the expressway — A "BOTTLE" NECK





South Korea aims to ease path for foreign investors

SEOUL (R) - South Korea Monday pledged to loosen the hureaucratic stranglehold on foreign investment and unveiled a blueprint for a new era of economic stability and growth fuelled by overseas

capital.
The measures, announced after a workshop hosted by President Kim Young-Sam. will relax restrictions on foreign land ownership, foreign exchange transactions and approvals necessary to do business in South Korea.

Mr. Kim, chairing the meeting of business leaders, officials and economic ministers. said the nation must look abroad if it wanted to continue its push to first world prosper-

"We now have to turn our eyes outward, towards the world, and carry out the re-form necessary for us to survive while competing against the world," Mr. Kim told the meeting at the presidential Blue House.

Finance Minister Hong Jac-Hong told the meeting foreigners investing in the manufacturing sector would, from next March, be allowed to buy land without prior finance

ministry approval. But land purchases for residential purposes would be limited to 200 pyong (660 square metres), Mr. Hong

He said foreigners investing in the high-tech sector would be allowed to raise all of their capital investment overseas and tax rates for non-listed companies in which foreigners have a stake would be cut.

Restrictions on purchases of Japanese machinery, which are permitted only when foreigninvested companies make fresh investment or raise capital, will be relaxed.

In a blow against the bureaucrats, Mr. Hong said foreigners would get approval on investment applications within 10 days compared with a current delay of 30 days.

Imports of technology, other than those related to the defence and ultra high-tech sectors, would no longer need to be reported to the government, he added.

In a bid to boost export growth, ministers said they wanted to help South Korean businesses invest overseas.

Mr. Hong said his ministry would free 17 out of the 30 business sectors where South Korean companies are restricted from overseas invest-

A finance ministry official said the sectors involved included textile manufacturing, retailing and wholesaling and real estate operations.

He said the ministry planned to expand foreign exchange loans by up to 10 per cent and ease restrictions on the issuance of overseas secur-

Trade Minister Kim Chul-Su said he would allow traders to ship commodities worth up to

Japan: No longer the job-for-life country TOKYO (AFP) - With blue

chips such as Nippon Steel, Hitachi, Mazda and Honda either slashing payrolls, temporarily laying off staff or redeploying them in distant subsidiaries. Japan no longer looks like a country where employees keep jobs for life.
"The state of the economy is

very poor and I am worried that employment problems might be serious next year." Gaishi Hiraiwa, chairman of the Federation of Economic Organisations (Keidanren).

told the government last week.
Even though the recession in
Japan has been less severe than those in Europe and the United States, plummeting profit has compelled Japanese firms to restructure and prune costs after many rosy years.

But so far, enterprises have respected a cherished social tradition and refrained from sackings despite overmanning that, according to a survey, afflicts one firm in two.

"It's the biggest issue facing us today," Sony chief Akio Morita said at the weekend.

"In 1994 — and for the first time since World War II -- the biggest challenge facing Japanese firms will be to break the jobs-for-life system while avoiding labour disputes." he

For decades, a young man or woman entering the workforce could expect to enjoy job security throughout his or her working life, earning a salary according to seniority, with an in-house trade union discreetly settling any dispute with the

But Mr. Morita warned that the slide in competitiveness and rise in the yen "do not allow us to maintain such thinking." He called for "a complete change.

Keizo Saji, the chief of Suntory, agreed that Japan today "at a turning point." He noted the growing

volume of temporary layoffs in recent weeks and predicted that the small- and mediumsized companies would suffer

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Unemployment in Japan has reached a five-year high of 2.6 per cent, which is far below Europe's 12 per cent and the seven per cent in the United

But a fall in job offers has prompted the government to ask the labour ministry for measures to boost employment to be in place by mid-November and a long-term policy to be operational by year's end.

States.

Yet the big question is how long Japanese firms, refusing to swallow the bitter pill of job sackings, can continue to pay hundreds of thousands of employees to do nothing.

Firms are trying to cope by drawing on financial reserves that, for the corporate giants, are worth tens of billions of dollars. Other methods are to trim salaries and overtime hours, retire staff early or redeploy them in subsidiaries, hire fewer newcomers or

accept state subsidies. The result is that Japanese companies are losing competi-

tiveness, a trend accentuated by the rising yen.

We may see some sackings here and there, as in 1986, after the first sharp surge in the yen, Deputy Finance Minister Kosuke Nakahira, predicted.

As in 1974 after the first oil shock, firms let employees go. Debate about the jobs-for-life system flared during the two brief recessions since then. But it is a debate that deeply

troubles the Japanese public as witnessed by the emotional response and cries of treason when Pioneer early this year forced 35 senior executives into retirement.

For Yoshihara Fukuhara, the head of Shiseido, "the system will evolve, but in a nonbrutal Japanese way, not like the American style."

Kenneth Courtis, economist at Deutsche Bank Capital Markets (Asia) said that Japanese firms still had "substantial room for manoeuvre," even if the unemployment rate reaches 3.0 to 3.1 per cent next

He cited the ability to further cut wages and working hours. In addition, the ageing of the workforce meant there would be a labour shortage in the middle of the decade.

> **Jordan Times** Tel: 667171

Japan oil firms pull out of Saudi refinery deal

TOKYO (R) — Three Japanese oil companies have given up on a multi-billiondollar joint venture with Saudi Arabia to build oil refineries in Japan, the companies said in a ioint statement Monday.

The project, estimated to cost one trillion yen (about \$10 billion), was to include Saudi Arabia's state-owned oil company Aramco and Caltex Petroleum Corp., a 50-50 joint venture of Texaco Inc. and Chevron Corp., as well.

"Since talks on the deal started two years ago, there have been unexpected changes in the environment such as a slowdown in the Japanese economy and a fall in demand," Nippon Oil Co. Ltd., Nikko Kyodo Co. Ltd. and Arabian Oil Co. Ltd. said in a joint

"We have explained the situation to Saudi Aramco and talks on this deal have been closed," it said.

Moldova to curb inflation in new deal with IMF

KISHINYOV (R) — Moldova, where consumer prices jumped 64 per cent in September alone, wants to bring monthly inflation rates down to one per cent under a tough deal agreed with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) last month.

"I am optimistic," IMF Moldova mission chief Abdessatar Quanes told Reuters in an interview. "It is a very good and ambitious programme to gain the support of the fund and the international community."

The programme, if it is

approved by top IMF officials in Washington and by Moldova's own leadership, could mave the way for the former Soviet-republic to receive IMF loans of about \$100 million this

These would comprise \$32 million as the second half of a special transformation facility lesigned to speed the path to capitalism from communism and \$70 million of a standby

loan. The IMF deal, signed with medium-ranking Moldovan officials, aims to bring the 1994 hudget deficit down to 3.5 per cent of gross national product, from six per cent this year. The package provides for a "strong and tight monetary policy" to bring inflation

down, Mr. Ouanes said. Moldova, a landlocked state sandwiched between Romania and Ukraine, has faced big problems in trying to propel its largely agricultural economy

towards a market system in the two years since the Soviet Union fell apart. Industrial production has fallen and privatisation has been slow to get off the ground.

The economics ministry said unemployment could reach 20 per cent next year unless the government takes decisive measures to create new jobs and retrain workers. Official figures put current Moldovan unemployment at 14,000, but there are only 963 registered iob vacancies

September's inflation rate was the highest this year and officials said hopes of economic stabilisation were fading

"In September stabilisation stopped, industrial output in January to September was 18.4 per cent below the same period in 1992 and agricultural output fell 12 per cent," the state statistics department said.

Higher prices for fuel have triggered an energy crisis and new government regulations mean shops and firms must close at dusk to keep consumption down. The regulations ban the use of electricity for heating and advertisements. Street lighting will be cut by 75 per

Moldova, which has no energy resources of its own, relies on fuel deliveries from Russia and Ukraine. But officials say only 15 per cent of the tiny country's demand for energy has been met so far this year.

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with the government, up from

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face of low-cost competition

from abroad, would be subject

to a high-tech transformation

and marketing activities over-seas would be stepped up.

flourishing steel industry

would diversify into special

steels. Car production and

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enhanced with the help of the

government, according to the

announced plans to improve its

marketing capacity in overseas

markets and the construction

ministry said it would improve

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Korean firms with overseas

The agriculture ministry

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Indian Festival Open Invitation

The Indian community living in Jordan is celebrating Diwali (the Festival of Lights) at the premises of the Embassy of India, First Circle, Jabal Amman, on Friday, Nov. 12, 1993. Also explored during the festivities will be possibilities of expanding Indian cultural and social activities in Jordan. All Indians are invited to attend.

Function will start at 5.30 p.m. Kindly confirm participation not later than 3 p.m. Thursday, on Telephone **692535/610036/736380**

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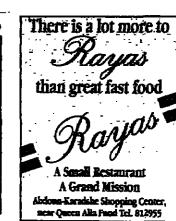
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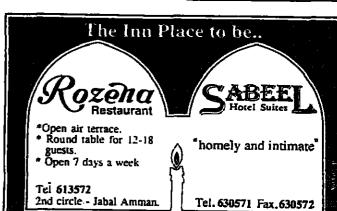
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LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday

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Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

377.75/378.25 One ounce of gold

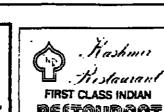
Two English language publications from

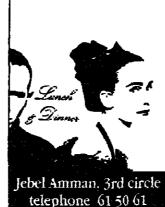
AL-URDUN AL-JADID RESEARCH CENTER

JORDANIAN POLITICAL PARTIES

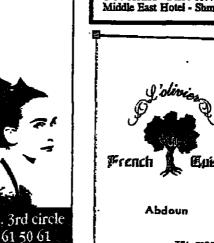
A general introductory guide to Jordan's twenty legal political parties, including: party address, objectives and slogan, a histing of leading party members and a biography of party

ISLAMIC ACTION FRONT PARTY

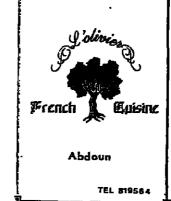


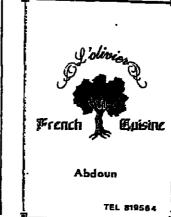








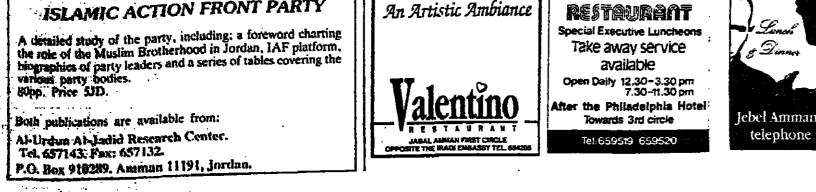












Don't mess with

this mother-in-law

AUCKLAND, New Zealand (R) — A New Zealander is rueing the day he argued with

his mother-in-law after she decided to end the debate with a

machete. Police said Monday the 64-year-old woman would

be charged with threatening to

kill, professing an offensive weapon and causing wilful

damage after the weekend in ...?

dent in Auckland, New Zea-

land's biggest city. After an argument, the mother-in-law

stormed off and returned bran-

dishing the machete. The man

fled and locked himself in his

bedroom, but the door proved

no match. She hacked her way

through it and her son-in-law

scrambled through a window; with the woman in hot pursuit.

He managed to escape but not

before the enraged mother-in-

law had shattered the wind-

screen of his car.

Madonna rocks

condemnation

Rio despite church

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazzo (AP) — Given a choice of listening to Madonna or

obeying the Roman Catholic Church, up to 120,000 fans voted with their feet, packing

the Maracana Soccer Stadium to: hear her rock the socks off Rio. "I love Rio," Madonna-

told the crowd in Portuguese as.

she transformed the world's:

largest outdoor arena into a

giant block party Saturday

night. The city's Roman. Catholic archdiocese had con-

demned the pop star's pre-sence and urged Catholics not to go to the "shameless exhibi-tion of eroticism and depray-

ity." Its warnings appeared to-have little effect. Officially, 110,000 tickets were sold for, Madonna's Girlie Show con-cert, but organisers said up to

120,000 fans attended. "It was

like a giant block party with

everyone singing and dancing

in harmony," said concert-goer Larry Shapiro. Blocked by a

Rio court from using the Brazi-.

lian flag in her show, Madonna

instead draped herself in the Flamengo Soccer Club flag for several songs. The audience, accustomed to cheering on Brazil's most popular sports team, roared its approval. In

another court action, Rio's

Invenile Court had raised the

minimum age for those attend-

ing the show from 10 to 14 -

but one fan said gatekeepers at

the stadium did not check any-

one's I.D. for age. Before the

concert, Madonna told repor-

ters she was in love with the

beauty of Rio and didn't

understand why Brazil got so

much bad press for violence

and misery. "It's much more peaceful here than in Los

Angeles," she told the Rio

daily Jornal Do Brazil.

Magnesium fails

Yeltsin aide defends retreat from presidential elections

MOSCOW (Agencies) - A Kremlin spokesman said Monday that Boris Yeltsin decided against early presidential elec-tions because he had already won two powerful mandates from the Russian people.

Anatoly Krasikov, head of Mr. Yeltsin's press service, confirmed a news agency report quoting the president as saying he planned to serve out his five-year term until 1996 instead of keeping a promise to submit to fresh elections in

"Yes, the president made such a statement," Mr. Krasi-kov said by telephone. "Today he considers it pointless to hold early elections.'

He added that Mr. Yeltsin, 62, had won the people's backing not only in 1991 presidential elections - the first time in their 1,000-year history that Russians had democratically elected their head of state but also in a referendum last

The spokesman, stressing he was giving his personal opinion, said early presidential elections would only have distracted attention from vital parliamentary polls which Mr. Yeltsin has set for Dec. 12.

Mr. Krasikov acknowledged that Mr. Yeltsin's critics in both Russia and the West would attack his decision.

"I'm absolutely not afraid of this. I'm absolutely convinced that a section of the media and public opinion here and in the

India

siege

the crisis.

hopeful

of 'fair'

settlement

of Kashmir

SRINAGAR, India (AFP) -

Indian authorities negotiating

with Kashmiri separatists

holed up in a besieged mosque

at Hazratbal said here Monday

they were hopeful of a "fair and reasonable" settlement of

Kashmir Police Chief Man-

state government official

Mehmood Ur Rehman again

held talks Monday with the

Muslim militants barricaded

inside the shrine since Oct. 15.

with the militants through

direct contacts as well as

through intermediaries... we

are hopeful of a fair and

Sabherwal told reporters in

Besides Mr. Rehman, the

father of a slain Muslim mili-

tant and a Kashmiri human

rights activist are also involved

in the talks to end the standoff

between some 50 armed mili-

tants in Hazratbal and soldiers

ringing the complex.
The army wants the guerril-

las to surrender. The militants

have refused and are insisting

on a safe passage and a lifting

of the siege to end the impasse.

Some 70 civilians are also

inside the shrine but India's

Supreme Court has ordered

the state administration to

supply food inside Hazratbal.

where a holy relic, a hair be-

lieved to be from the beard of

the Prophet Mohammad, is

The police chief said a cur-

few slapped in Srinagar's

Nagin residential district,

where Hazratbal is situated,

was relaxed Monday to allow

civilians to stock up on food

The Indian army has sent

reinforcements to an area of

the disputed Indo-Pakistani

border in Kashmir following

clashes which have left four

Pakistani troops dead, the

Press Trust of India (PTI) said

senior Kashmir official as

saying that the army reinforce-

ments were deployed to back

up members of the Paramilit-

ary Border Security Force in

Ramgarh, where fighting con-tinued for a second day Mon-

B.R. Kundal, divisional

commissioner of Jammu,

Indian-administered Kashmir's

winter capital, told PTI that

four Pakistani Rangers were

killed when Indian Border

Guards retaliated to "unpro-

voked firing" by Pakistani

There have been no casual-

ties on the Indian side. Kun-

dal, the top civilian administra-

tor in the Indian portion of the

divided state, told the news

troops Sunday.

The news agency quoted a

and fuel.

Monday.

reasonable settlement,'

this state summer capital.

"Communications are on

West may react negatively to this decision," he said.

"But this should be balanced on the scales against the fate of a country which may be about to get its first normal parliament in 1,000 years... it's important now to direct all our efforts towards preparing these parliamentary elections.

Russian Prime Minister Viktor Chernomyrdin threw his full support behind Mr,. Yeltsin with an emphatic statement Sunday, a day marked by lowkey communist demonstrations to celebrate the 76th anniversary of the Russian Re-

consider absolutely correct the president's intention to continue working until the expiry of his legitimate powers," he said in a statement pub-lished by the ITAR-TASS

news agency.
"This is the position of a highly decent and responsible man, conscious of his civic duty to the country and each of its citizens," Mr. Chernomyrdin added, saying his government would help Mr. Yeltsin fulfil

his "historic mission."
U.S. President Bill Clinton also declined to criticise the Kremlin leader in a weekend television interview.

"As long as he is promoting democracy, as long as he is supporting human rights, as long as he is supporting reform, I think the United States should support him," Mr. Clinton

Mr. Yeltsin made the June election pledge to demonstrate his commitment to democracy shortly after he dissolved parliament in September - in breach of the Soviet-era constitution — and called legislative elections for December.

Opponents in Russia brand Mr. Yeltsin a dictator for riding roughshod over the constitution and triggering subsequent violence in Moscow. About 150 people were killed when the president sent in troops and tanks to crush a revolt by hardline supporters of parliament.

Western governments backed Mr. Yeltsin's dissolution of parliament, which had thwarted his reform moves at every step, and said his subsequent use of force was justi-

But some expressed concern about his democratic credentials when Mr. Yeltsin banned hardline opposition parties, shut down 15 newspapers and subjected even the liberal press to a brief period of

Mr. Yeltsin would have been the strong favourite to win reelection in a June ballot.

But the Kremlin chief, often rumoured to be in poor health, has hinted he wants to give up the strains of political life in 1996 rather than being reelected and serving until

"Everybody knows how many blows of fate I have

already suffered. It is too much for one man," Interfax quoted him as saying at a meeting with

newspaper editors Saturday. Mr. Krasikov said a previously-issued Yeltsin decree June elections would be cancelled either by the president himself or by the new parliament. He declined to predict what would happen if the latter opposed scrapping the polls.

Yeltsin signs draft constitution

WORLD

EXCLUSIVE

President Yeltsin Monday signed the draft version of a new Russian constitution which will be submitted for voters' approval in a referendum on Dec. 12, a Kremlin spokesman said.

He said Yeltsin signed the text after introducing several amendments. The spokesman declined to give further details of the draft, which was to be published Tuesday.

President Yeltsin's suppor-

ters hold an early lead in the race for next month's parliamentary elections, but most Russians remain undecided or don't plan to vote, according to an opinion poll.

Election officials said Monday that 21 parties submitted lists of 100,000 or more voter signatures to qualify for the Dec. 12 election. The signatures were being checked and parties that qualified to run would be announced this week, they said.

Georgian troops border with

TBILISI (AP) — Georgian troops moved to the border with the separatist region of Abkhazia Monday, while negotiators scrambled to organise peace talks and prevent a

spokesman for the Georgian military, said troops had taken up position on the Inguri River, which forms the border between Georgia and Abkhazia, a breakaway region controlled by separatists.

with officials from Abkhazia, Georgia and Russia in an effort to put together a peace plan to end the fighting that has devastated much of western Georgia and Abkhazia.

mained high in western Georgia in areas recently seized by government troops from supporters of former President Zviad Gamsakhurdia, who reportedly has fled to Abkhazia.

It added: "The princess' advisers are for their part considering what legal action may be appropriate."
Britain's fiercely competitive

This picture shows the front page of British Sunday Mirror newspaper showing the Princess of Wales during a fitness training session at a private gym in London (AFP photo)

Diana considers legal

LONDON (R) — Princess Diana is considering legal action over secretly-taken photo-

graphs, published in a news-paper, of her working out in a gymnasium, her lawyers said

Monday.

In a statement, recording her distress and outrage, they added that she was grateful for

widespread condemnation "of

this gross intrusion into her

The photographs were first published by Britain's Sunday Mirror and its daily tabloid sister published a second set on Monday. The photographs of the princess in an exercise

leotard provoked a "peeping-

tom" furore and increased

pressure on the government to

"The Princess of Wales has

noted with distress and a deep

sense of outrage that without

her knowledge or consent per-

sonal photographs of her were

taken by means of a hidden

camera while she was engaged

in physical exercises at a pri-

photographs have been... pub-

lished by the Sunday Mirror and the Daily Mirror in their

recent issues," the statement from her solicitors said.

curb press intrusions.

action over gym photos

newspaper industry united to condemn the Daily Mirror for printing the shots taken at a private West London fitness club and warned the controversy could speed a legal crackdown on press freedom.

An unusually stern statement from Buckingham Palace

warning of "follow-up action" also fuelled speculation that the estranged wife of heir to the throne Prince Charles might be considering spine the allel be considering suing the club for breach of trust. But the Mirror, sister paper

of the tabloid that carried five pages of Diana working out in a skin-tight leotard and cycling shorts Sunday, lashed out at the widespread criticism of its behaviour in Monday's edi-

"Led by Lord McGregor of the Press Complaints Commission, a rag-bag of MPs rushed to spew out indignation on said in a lengthy editorial.

"Rarely has there been such an extraordinary display of hypocritical opportunism," it

Sarajevo civilian Belgrade

Two buses left Sarajevo bus

pulled out, escorted by U.N. Protection Force armoured cars which was to guard the buses across Bosnian Serb

The evacuees were due to Airport, before travelling on to Belgrade.

In total some 642 Serbs had

Sarajevo in nearly a year.
But aid officials were sceptical, one saying he believed only 200 would manage to leave Monday.

the convoy had passed the last checkpoint manned by the mainly-Muslim Bosnian army at Stup Bridge, after being held up for around 15 minutes while the passenger list was checked, said Ray Wilkinson, the UNHCR spokesman, here.

Meanwhile, a number of evalues accused city officials

evacuees accused city officials searching their luggage of taking electronic equipment, gold rings, necklaces and other items of jewellery, and confis-cating cash in excess of 100 German marks (\$70).

"They have taken away gold ment and you are only allowed leave Sarajevo with her sick

elderly parents for a year.

Meanwhile, Fikret Abdic,

evacuees set off for

SARAJEVO (AFP) — The first buses in a convoy evacuating hundreds of Bosnian Serb civilians set off from Sarajevo bus station Monday after chaotic delays as authorities protested the planned route and insisted on searching baggage.

station at 12:45 p.m. (1145 GMT) with some 55 people packed on each, the strain of the occasion written on the faces of the refugees, some of who broke down in tears.

Relatives waved goodbye through the rain as the buses

change buses at the Serb-held Lukavica district near Sarajevo

been due to leave in the biggest evacuation of civilians from

About an hour after leaving

rings, money, technical equip-(to take out) 100 marks but no more," said Radmila Kuc, 30, who has been attempting to

the maverick leader of the mainly-Muslim nortwest Bosnian pocket of Bihac, signed a ieal with schiof officials of the Bosnian Crot and Serb communities at his stronghold of Velika Kladusa Sunday, the Croat News Agency (HINA) reported.

to help heart Eighteen other fires that bepatients — study

ATLANTA (AFP) - Magnesium administered to patients who suffered heart attacks failed to lower mortality rates. according to a study that dashed hopes for a new cardiac treatment. The report contradicted the findings of a 1992 British study that generated considerable hope among cardiologists, which indicated that magnesium injections cut heart attacks by 25 per cent. Commenting on the latest findings, Dr. Lars Wilhelmsen of Eastern Hospital in Gothemburg, Sweden, said, "it teaches us not to rely on small trials." The study also found that drugs called Mononitrates - another prospective drug in reducing mortality — failed to reduce deaths from heart attacks but did help relieve chest pains. Yet another drug tested, an inhibitor called Captopril, did slightly reduce mortality rates after heart attacks from 7.33 per cent to 6.87 per cent. The study of patients from 1 000 hospitals in 30 countries was reported at the annual meeting

U.K. to crack down on hunt saboteurs

of the American Heart Asso-

LONDON (R) - Britain's Conservative government announced Saturday it was cracking down on anti-bloods-port activists who disrupt foxhunts, the traditional country pursuit of the upper classes. Home Secretary (Interior Minister) Michael Howard said in a speech just a few days into the fox-hunting season that the government planned to introduce laws to protect country. sports from "young thugs" aspart of a package of anti-crime measures. Hunt-saboteurs who obstruct or disrupt country, sports, or intimidate the hunters would face up to three months' imprisonment or a maximum fine of £2,500 (\$3.698) under the governsaying at a news conference. I ment's plans.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Bomb kills 9 in India

GUWAHATI, India (R) — At least nine people were killed and 35 wounded when a bomb exploded at a railway station in the northeast Indian state of Nagaland Monday, officials said. The death toll could rise, senior policeman Vijay Kumar Tripathi said by telephone from Kohima, the Nagaland capital. "More people might die because the condition of about 15 of those injured is critical. The bomb was really powerful." The said No one immediately claimed recognibility. powerful," he said. No one immediately claimed responsibility but intelligence officials suspected it was the work of the separatist National Socialist Council of Nagaland (NSCN), which is fighting for an independent state.

China to crack down on unrest

BEUING (AFP) - Chinese leader Jiang Zemin, warning of threats to national unity, said the ruling Communist Party would move swiftly to wipe out separatists and religious opponents, it was reported Monday. Mr. Jiang, both president and party chief, issued the warning Sunday at the close of a national meeting to devise ways of increasing social cohesion at a time when market-style reforms are reshaping the face of at damaging ties between the nationalities, national unity and social stability (and) absolutely cannot be tolerant or indecisive," Mr. Jiang said in the speech. "We must restrict and crack down on the use of religion to carry out criminal and unlawful activities," he added. The government is facing rising nationalist sentiment among ethnic minorities. Early last month it crushed a Muslim uprising in the west after the largest mass unrest since the 1989 pro-democracy movement.

6th Chinese plane hijacked to Taiwan

TAIPEI (AFP) — A lone hijacker wielding fake explosives forced a Chinese domestic airliner to land in Taiwan Monday but surrendered to police, in the sixth such incident this year, airport officials here said. The man, identified as Wang Zhihua, 36, of Heilongjiang in northeastern China, surrendered to airport security and explained to them how he carried out the operation, the officials said. The Zhejiang Airlines airliner, with 54 passengers and five crew onboard, was hijacked on a domestic flight from Hanzhou to the coastal city of Fuzhou in southeastern China, they said. It landed at Taiwan's international airport, about 40 kilometres south of Taipei, at 2:44 p.m. (0644 GMT). Police said Wang gave a note to an air stewardess saying it was a hijacking. He also showed a bag wrapped by newspaper claiming it was explosive. The pilot contacted Taiwan Airport authorities at 14:08 (0608 GMT) telling them the plane was hijacked. The bag was later discovered to contain only pieces of soap and wires,

2 dead in Vladivostok carbomb

MOSCOW (AFP) - Two people were killed and two others seriously injured in a carbomb explosion in the Far Eastern city of Vladivostok, the ITAR-TASS news agency reported Monday. The Friday explosion, activated by a remote control device, killed a provincial foreign trade official, Mikhail Aleynikov, and his driver, and injured two of his bodyguards. The carbomb exploded in the parking lot of a luxury hotel in the city, the Akfes-Sevo.

Nigerian road accident kills 20

LAGOS (R) - At least 20 people were burnt to death when a passenger bus and a petrol tanker collided and burst into flames in Nigeria, police said Monday. Police Commissioner Baba Ahmadu of Kwara state said there was as yet no precise death toll from the accident Sunday but denied newspaper reports that up to 63 people were killed. "We aree not sure of the number of people involved. The death toll could be anything between 20 and 30," he told Reuters by telephone. He said the police were investigating the cause of the accident involving a petrol tanker and a 23-seater bus carrying Kwara State Polytechnic students from town to their main campus. Newspapers said the fully loaded bus rolled backwards and hit the tanker after its gears and breaks failed on a steep road on the outskirts of the state capital, Ilorin.

World water shortages spreading

WASHINGTON (AP) — People from Los Angeles to Beijing to Riyadh are having to look further and further away for fresh water, and a new report says water scarcity is a spreading global problem. Proposals to tow around icebergs from Antarctica or to fill giant plastic bladders with lake water will not be enough to quench the world's thirst, said Bob Engelman, co-author of the Population Action International report. Other ideas include building desalination plants of internatinal water pipelines. "Expense keeps getting in the way." Mr. Engelman said in an interview. "The bottom line of this is simply that the rate of population growth in countries experiencing water scarcity is vastly outpacing population growth of the world as a whole." he said. By 2025, one out of three people will be living in countries with inadequate fresh water supplies, said the report Sustaining Water: Population And The Future Of Renewable Water Supplies. The current ratio is about one out of 15.

approach

Abkhazia

new outbreak of violence. Soso Margishvili, chief

Georgian leader Eduard Shevardnadze told reporters over the weekend that his country must regain Abkhazia, a rich and fertile region on the Black Sea that fell to separatists in September, by diploma-tic or military means.

U.N. negotiators this weekend held separate talks

Several obstacles must be overcome before talks could begin. Abkhazia wants guarantees Georgia will not launch new attacks before talks start, while Georgia insists Abkhazia recongise its territorial integri-

Meanwhile, tension re-Georgian troops executed

Man arrested in California arson probe

LOS ANGELES (AP) — A man suspected of threatening to set fires to get even with the government was arrested, and authorities investigated whether he is to blame for 19 suspicious wildfires, including one that killed three people.

Federal and local authorities arrested the suspect, who was not identified, early Sunday, said Los Angeles County Sheriff's Deputy Patrick Hauser.

The man was watched for several days before his arrest. the Los Angeles Times and KCBS-TV news reported, citing unidentified federal

Authorities said he may have written a letter threatening to start fires. Federal charges of sending a threat through the mail could be filed against him as early as Monday, the Times reported.

The writer of the letter said fires would be set in retaliation for the seizure of his property by federal agents. The letter,

"I'm going to set a big fire, actually more than one, to settle a score with one of these people," the author wrote.

board along the San Diego freeway near Long Beach. Meanwhile, the Malibu

Sunday evening, Los Angeles County Fire Inspector Angel

signed "Fedbuster," was sent in September to about 35 law enforcement agencies in southem California.

agencies and other government The writer demanded a TV apology and that a written apology be placed on a bill-

arson blaze that began Tues-day and burned across 19,000acres, killing three people, was 100 per cent contained

gan on Oct. 26 and burned across more than 200,000 acres were confirmed as arson or being investigated as arson. authorities said. Mopping up continued Mon-day in Malibu with engine

companies patrolling burned areas to look for remaining hot spots. Many firefighters went home, while about 2,500 of them remained on the lines. The fire destroyed 390 homes and another 58 were

damaged, according to a Red Cross survey. The tally of lost homes was up from an earlier figure of 350.

Fire victims sought solace at church services. The strains of "amazing grace" brought tears to the eyes of people overflow-ing from the Malibu Presbyterian Church.

Clinton warning of N. Korea seen as tougher line

SEOUL (AFP) — President Bill Clinton's warning that a North Korean attack on South Korea would mean a fight with the United States was seen by Seoul officials Monday as confirmation of long-standing policy, but some analysts said it marked a hardening line.

Michael Breen, a North Korea specialist with Seoulbased Merit Consulting, told AFP that in "the last few days, there seems to be a real change in the tone of what is coming out of U.S. military and intelligence."

"Clinton is probably talking tough because somebody has told him you can negotiate with the North Koreans but they see it as a sign of weakness," he added.

Mr. Clinton said in a television interview Sunday that a North Korean attack against the South would be viewed as an attack against the United States and reiterated that Communist Pyongyang "can-not be allowed to develop a nuclear bomb."

A senior Foreign Ministry official, speaking privately, said the U.S. leader was simply reconfirming stated policy of pursuing dialogue while main-taining a strong defensive post-

"Clinton is repeating our bottom line that North Korea should not be allowed to pos-sess nuclear weapons," he told AFP, recalling that Mr. Clinton had made similar remarks in South Korea during his visit here in July.

Cha Young-Ku, research director for the state-backed Korea Institute for Defence Analysis, agreed there was "nothing new in the statement."

"Since there are already U.S. troops here, any attack on the South would inevitably have an effect on the United States," he said. The United States led U.N.

forces against North Korean and Chinese troops during the 1950-1953 Korean War. Some 36,000 U.S. troops remain here as a "tripwire" against renewed aggression and a reminder that an attack on the South will automatically draw America and allied U.N.

troops into the fray. Mr. Clinton's remarks came only days after U.S. Secretary

of Defence Les Aspin returned from a trip to Tokyo and Scoul in which he offered to work with Tokyo to develop an antiballistic missile defence against Pyongyang's Scuds and announced that Washington and Scoul would not cancel annual joint wargames.

A top defence official travelling with Mr. Aspin warned that North Korea had massed 70 per cent of its troops on the border in recent years and that there was a risk of a surprise, conventional attack on the South. North Korea's ruling Com-

munist Party last week summoned an emergency Central Committee meeting for next week, apparently to work out a stance in the face of mounting international pressure for the North to allow inspections of its nuclear facilities. South Korea's official

Naewoe Press, which monitors the North, also reported that Pyongyang had renewed training by military aircraft and vessels and ordered frontline troops to shave their heads, an oriental gesture of determina-

North Korean Vice Marshal Kim Kwang-Jin last week warned that an earlier Seoul statement refusing to rule out military force made it "inevitable for us to answer them with force of arms." North Korea has raised suspicions it is forging ahead

with a nuclear weapons programme by barring full-fledged International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) inspections of its facilities since January. Last month, Pyongyang said it would no longer negotiate the matter with the IAEA and would only discuss it with the

United States. That move led to a U.N. General Assembly resolution on Nov. 1 urging the North to fulfill its international obligations and allow resumed inspections. North Korea has massed military forces near the border with South Korea, Japan's

Vice Foreign Minister Kunihi-

ko Saito was quoted as saying Monday, "We have such information. It's true that the country has massed forces," Mr. Saito was tion viewed here as an ominous quoted by the Jiji Press as

عملة اسد الأصل

Jordan soccer championship kicks off today

By Aleen Bannayan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The Kingdom's most-awaited soccer event the first division soccer championship kicks off Tuesday and will be the season's final insjor competition organised by the Jordan Soccer Federation (ISF).

This year 12 teams will play a total of 132 matches at whree main stadiums at Al Hassan Sports City, Irbid Municipal Stadium and Al Petra Stadium in Amman.

The JSF had put this year's competitions on hold pending the completion of work at the capital's main stadium at Al Hussein Youth City. The national team's preparations and participation in the World Cup qualifying matches during the past summer also hindered the beginning of the competition.

The JSF had earlier announced holding the competition on a one-round

PUEBEC CITY (R) — Rathalie Tauziat of France

won her first title since 1991

with a 6-4 6-1 victory over

Katerina Maleeva of Bulgaria

in the final of the 150,000 Bell

Challenge Tennis Tournament

The third-seeded Tauziat

seized momentum with a critic-

al first-set service break and

rolled to victory over the

"I played well all week."

said the 18th-ranked Tauziat.

whose last title came at a

lower-echelon event in Val

fauziat said she was deter-

mined to overcome a pair of

FARIS (AP) - Goran Iva-

nisevic said he had eight

months holiday. Now it is back

to hard work - and winning.

by a stress fracture early in the

year. It took him until Septem-

her to win his first tournament

Now he has been in three

consecutive finals, winning

of the year.

Nov. 7, 1993.

Austrian Airlines

Merican Kitchen

SENIORS

Loxboro

MIDS

ASC

Intervet

Peugeot

Al Hikma

JUNIORS II

JUNIORS I

La Cicogna

El Zay UPS

Nashashibi/Ebbini

Modern Schools

WITH OMAR SHAREF & TANNAH HIRSCH

Both vulnerable. East deals. NORTH

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0 K 10 8 5 4 20 Q 7

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EAST * A J 10 8 7

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dding:
South West North
2 Pass SV
4 V Pass Pass

Opening lend: Queen of & Ely Culherison used to tell the

Ely Culhertson used to tell the story about a visit to a card factory in the Soviet Union. The product was of atoncious quality. The man-ager explained that card-playing was considered a bourgeois pastime and manufacturing cards that did not hat was an attempt to are dicate the habit! Judging by the number of people playing bridge these days in the former Soviet republics, the

Junghans

Milano

Pepsi

ţ• <u>3</u>.

Champions

Invanisevic was hampered

D'Oise, France in 1991.

fourth seed in 68 minutes.

Sunday.

hasis, however most clubs and observers objected to that system and backed the final decision to go ahead with the traditional two-led competition at the end of which four teams will be relegated to the second division.

Al Qadissieh and Al Yarmouk play the opening match of the first leg's 66 matches ending on Dec. 17. The crammed schedule will

surely be hectic to players and fans alike, but title holder's Al Faisali are sure to expect tough competition from Al Wihdat, Al Ramtha and Al Hussein

Al Faisali have won the title more than 20 times since the competition began in 1945 with three other teams - Al Urdun, Al Ahli and Homentmen — taking part. They have clinched the title 7 times in the past 13 seasons.

This year however their players might be suffering from fatigue after a tough season with the national team Tauziat beats Maleeva in quebec

disappointments earlier this

year when she narrowly missed

reaching finals at Schenectady,

New York, and Filderstadt,

other tournaments this year

wanted to win this time,

and I missed them. I really

added Tauziat, who earned

The match was evenly con-

tested through the first nine

games of the opening set. But

Tauziat broke Maleeva at 5-4

Maleeva felt the turning

point came a bit later when she

failed to convert game points

in both the third and fourth

two, including Sunday's Paris

Open. Ivanisevic fired 27 aces

and 32 service winners to beat Andrei Medvedev, 6-4, 6-2, 7-6, (7-2), in the \$2.1 million

"I have been playing well

the last two months and this is

like a gift for the hard work,"

"I had eight months holi-

(Final)

(Final)

(Final)

(Final)

(Final)

(Final)

(Final)

(Final)

(Fmal)

(Final)

(Final)

Communists did not succeed. Here's an excellent defense from the Estonian Trials to select a team for the 1993 Knopean Championships.

We have little quarrel about the suction. Had North's king been in any suit except spades though, we would have jumped to four hearts. The queen of spades was universally selected for the opening lead and the defenders quickly raked in their book, West discarding a club. Most Easts shifted to the king of clubs. Declarer won in dummy, ruffed a club, cashed the ace of diamonds and ruffed a diamond. When the king of hearts appeared on a trump lead, declarer won and continued the crossruff and smerged with eight trump tricks and the minor-suit aces.

At one table the contract was de-feated and there was nothing declar-er could do about it. Disregarding the maxim about not giving a ruff-shiff, East continued with a fourth cracke at trick from Declarer ruffed

shiff, East continued with a fourth spede at trick four. Declarer reffied and West chimped his remaining schib. South could still score eight trump tricks and the ace of dis-monds, but any attempt to collect the ace of clubs would allow West to ruff for the setting trick—down one.

Tel.: 634144

cunists did not succeed. Here's

to take the first set.

Ivanisevic wins Paris Open

tennis tournament.

Ivanisevic said.

Amman Little League

Following are the standings of the football teams up to

21 13 11

20

18

10

GOREN BRIDGE

FORGET THE RUBRICS

"I'd had my chances at two

Germany.

\$27,000.

as well as playing in the Cup Winner's Cup (which they won) and the Jordan Cup in which they will face Al Ramtha in the final.

The second contender is 1991 titleholders Al Wihdat. who have already secured an impressive record of their

They will try to achieve an advanced standing after failing to capture this year's Cup Winner's Cup, Jordan Cup and Federation Shield. Last year's runner-up Al

Hussein will try again for the

title which has so far eluded them after getting very close on many occasions. Al Ramtha, who won this season's Federation Shield. will also be another strong contender and are in good

top-three teams. Al Ahli's best record was finishing third in 1985 and 1989. They will seek to establish themselves as serious contenders among the usual

games of the second set.

"If I had gone ahead 3-1

instead of being down 1-3 in

the second set, it might have

been a different story,'

Maleeva said. "On the impor-

tant points, when she was

down, Nathalie served well."

Tauziat credited her coach.

Regis De Camaret, with the

improvement in her delivery.

ful," Tauziat said.

with my volleying.

"He has really been help-

"For this whole tournament

"It makes me laugh because

I served well and backed it up

three years ago everyone said I had a lousy serve. Now all the

players say that it's great."

day... I couldn't come back. I

was just struggling. I played

one tournament good and five

bad. Then I put too much

the hottest player on the cir-

cuit. He's making a late rush to

gain a spot in the season-ending ATP Tour World

Championships starting in Frankfurt, Germany, on Nov.

He must do well in this

week's European Community

Championships in Antwerp.

Antwerp organisers for a wild-

card into the tournament to

the top eight players of the year to reach the World Cham-

Six of the eight slots are already clinched by Medvedev, Pete Sampras, Jim Courier,

Sergi Bruaguera, Michael Stich

and Stefan Edberg. Ivanisevic, Boris Becker and

France's Cedric Pioline will be

in Antwerp, trying to clinch one of the two remaining slots.

American Michael Chang, still

ranked seventh going into the

week, could be ousted by one

of them.

Ivanisevic was impressive in

beating No. 1 ranked Sampras.

No. 6 Edberg, No. 7 Chang and No. 8 Medvedev. "To beat four top 10 guys in

one tournament is not easy,"

said Ivanisevic, who received

The Croatian asked the

Belgium.

pionships.

Now, Ivanisévic is suddenly

pressure on myself."

form to challenge the other

all-time rivals of soccer's new era in the Kingdom.

Other teams in the competition are Al Qadissieh. semifinalists in this year's Jordan Cup, and Sahab who eliminated Al Wihdat in the same competition.

Al Yarmouk and Al Arabi, who finished bottom-of-theleague last season, will be clashing with newly-promoted Al Baqaa, Al Jazireh and Fuheis as they strive to avoid relegation.

First Division champions 1980: Al Wihdat 1981: Al Ramtha 1982: Al Ramtha 1983: Al Faisali 1984: Amman 1985: Al Faisali 1986: Al Faișali 1987: Al Wihdat

1988: Al Faisali 1989: Al Faisali 1990: Al Faisali 1991: Al Wihdat

claims 66th title

1992: Al Faisali

Navratilova

OAKLAND, California (R) -Top-seed Martina Navratilova saved her easiest match for last as she scored a straight sets victory over third-seeded fellow American Zina Garrison-

Jackson in the final of the 375,000 Bank of the West Classic Sunday. Navratilova beat Garrison-Jackson 6-2, 7-6 (7-1) to claim her 166th career title and raise

her lopsided record against the serve and volleying Texan to "It's sweet," said the 37-year-old Navratilova, who

needed three sets to win her

quarterfinal and saved two

match points in Saturday's semifinal. "I've won so many tournaments and more and more now I appreciate it," said Navratilova, who collected \$75,000 for

her efforts. "It's a major league bonus to still be out there.' Navratilova served well throughout the opening set and broke Garrison-Jackson in the first and seventh games to take

the set. The top seed's first serve percentage tapered off in the second set and Garrison-Jackson began attacking net with greater success to make a

contest of the match. The two veterans traded ser vice breaks in the third and fourth games and the 19th-ranked Garrison-Jackson broke again in the fifth as she rolled to a 5-2 lead.

But Navratilova did not want to play a third set and refused to allow Garrison-Jackson to hold her serve again as she forced the tie-break.

The third seed missed on several passing attempts during the tie-break and from 1-1, Navratilova reeled off the final six points of the match.

The biggest difference between our games is the second serve," Navratilova said. "I can attack her second

serve a whole lot better than she can attack mine and that's quite often the difference in our matches.

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Parma ruin Milan's party mood

PARIS (AFP) - Parma beat Juventus 2-0 with late goals to take top spot in the Italian League Sunday, spoiling AC

Milan's party. Earlier, Milan had got back to winning ways with a 2-1 victory over Internazionale in the city's derby match.

But two dead ball kicks from Gianfranco Zola and Sweden's Thomas Brolin meant Cup Winners' Cup champions Parma had more reason to celebrate.

With Colombian Faustino Asprilla closely marked, it was left to Zola, from a free kick in the 83rd minute, and Brolin's penalty three minutes from time, to find the target.

At the San Siro, a 34th minute goal from defender Christian Panucci and Jean-Pierre Papin's strike eight minutes after the break put Fabio Capello's side in charge.

But a 63rd minute penalty, converted by Dutch striker Dennis Bergkamp, ensured a tense finale.

The victory had allowed Milan to leapfrog Juventus at the top of the table but only because the Turin side was not playing its match against Parma until the evening.
Sampdoria, who beat Milan

last weekend and started the day level with Juventus, were stunned at home by two goals in the space of a minute from Cagliari.

Mauro Bertarelli had fired Sampdoria ahead with three minutes on the clock.

But Massimo Allegri equalised on 69 minutes and a minute later Gianfranco Matteoli converted a penalty after Piet-ro Vierchowod had handled in the area.

The defender was ordered off but despite being reduced to ten men. Sampdoria should heave snatched a point when England captain David Platt was brought down in the Cagliari box.

But Italy forward Roberto Mancini missed the penalty. Tear gas was used by police at the goalless draw between

Atalanta and Piacenza Sunday. Disappointed with their team's eighth match without a win, Atalanta supporters blocked players' path between the dressing room and their coach, which was ready to

Police finally cleared the area, two hours later, by using

In Spain, Valencia completed a disappointing week for the Spanish club by dropping from first to fourth in the Spanish championship with their 2-0 setback at Sporting Gijon.

EUROPEAN SOCCER

Xavier Escaich and Juan Juanele were the scorers, causing Valencia fans more misery after thier 7-0 loss (8-3 on aggregate) to Karlsruhe in the UEFA Cup in midweek.

Valencia's Dutch coach Guus Hiddink, who said the UEFA result was one of the worst in the club's history, had to take a further blow on the

Barcelona, who went through to the European Champions League in midweek, had a 2-1 win over Racing Santander thanks to Hristo Stoichkov and Brazilian stare Romario.

But Sevilla prevented Johan Cruvff's team taking top spot with their 3-1 home victory over Rayo Vallecano. Diego Simeone, Jose, Carvajal and Davor Suker fired home for

Deportivo Coruna had a quiet return to domestic football following their UEFA Cup win over England's Aston Villa. A goalless draw at Real Valladolid kept them in third

Monaco coach Arsene Wenger believed his side's 1-1 draw with French League leaders Paris St. Germain was not too bad a result.

Though hosts Monaco were expecte dto knock PSG down a peg or two, Wenger consoled himself that they had avoided defeat.

"Defeat would have put us seven points adrift, and that would have been a dramatic deficit," he said. Wenger played an extra man in defence -Lilian Thuram, just ahead of sweeper Franck Dumas - signallling a loss was not acceptable at any price.

PSG, buoyed up by their success in the European Cup Winners' Cup this week, took the lead in the fourth minute through French international David Ginola, but Enzo Scifo levelled 10 minutes after the

Bordeaux remain second in the table after beating 10-man Lyon 2-0, with goals by Christophe Dugarry and Didier Senac. But Lyon were down to 10 men after only 15 minutes when newly-signed Brazilian sweeper Marcelo Kiremitdian got his marching orders for a professional foul on Christophe Dugarry.

Daniel Dutuel and Dragan Stojkovic brought some muchneeded cheer to the 20,000 spectators at the Stade Velodrome, as Olympique Marseille (OM) seat Caen (2-0). Dutuel opened the scoring after 10 minutes and Serbian Stojkovic hit home from the spot in the 61st minutes.

OM Club President Bernard Tapie Sunday denied he was about to leave the club early this week, as predicted by French Football League Presi-

dent Noel Le Graef. And though the audit into Marseille's finances had not yet been made public. Tapie upstaged the expected announcement by saying their financial deficit was "100 million francs" (\$12.7 million).

In Germany, Eintracht Frankfurt pulled five points clear at the top of the German League as Bayern Munich and Werder Bremen both crashed ot shock defeats.

Two goals in the last seven minutes — a Maurizio Gaudino penalty and a Rudi Bommer effort one minute from the end — gave Eintracht two hard-won points from their clash with Borussia Dortmund.

Nuremberg completed a miserable week for Bayern. The Bavarian giants, still reeling from being bundled out of the UEFA Cup by Norwich City Wednesday, went down 2-0 thanks to goals from Andre Golke and Criens.

A double from Austrian international Toni Polster saw champions Werder Bremen, who reached the Champions League of the European Cup in mid-week, beaten by the same scoreline at FC Cologne.

Jari Litmanen's 11th league goal of the season sparked off another tornado win for Ajax Amsterdam against FC Volen-

The Finnish international, whose goals have come from just 13 games, got the opener on the stroke of half-time as Ajax beat Groninger 3-1 to stay on the heels of leaders Feyenoord. Stefan Petersson and Ronald De Boer followed up with second half goals.

Cantona ends Man. United's Euro blues enough to end United's run of

MANCHESTER, England (AFP) — Eric Cantona blocked out his problems with UEFA to power Manchester United to a 3-2 win over neighbours Manchester City Sun-

The French striker scored twice as United fought back from two goals down to retain their 11 point lead at the top of the English premiership.

Cantona went into the game with a UEFA investigation looming into allegations that he accused referees of corruption after getting a red card against Galatasaray last week.

But his magic saw United to a memorable victory in the 119th Manchester derby that made up for some of the disappointed of falling out of the the Turks hands.

Niall Quinn's two goals looked

European Champions Cup at City dominated the first half.

flashed across the goalmouth, Terry Phelan returned the ball

Quinn rose above Paul Par-

ker to head pasat Peter

Schmeichel in the 21st minute.

He added a second 11 minutes later. A David White shot and Quinn darted in front of Gary Pallister to head over the advancing Schmeichel. United had to wait until well

six successive league wins.

into the second half before they clicked into top gear. Michel Vonk tried a back

header which was weefully short of goalkeeper Tony Coton and Cantona nipped in to score with a 52nd minute cross shot. After 78 minutes, substitute

Ryan Giggs curled the ball behind city's split defenders for Cantona to apply the finishing touch with his ninth goal of the

United poured forward and gained their reward three minutes from the end when Lee Sharpe found Denis Irwin whose deep cross from the left ws sidefooted in by Roy

United manager Alex Ferguson said the magnificent win 'gets rid of all the cobwebs' from the ill-fated trip to Istanbul. "This keeps the momentum

going for us. All the teams in the league and probably everyone in the country was hoping we would lose today. "We were punished for mis-

takes in the first half but the second half performance was

"At half time I simply told" the lads to keep playing but we had to take more care in and around the penalty box.

"After that we missed a lot of chances but Eric Cantona scored two vital goals to put us back in it.

"Roy Keane snatched the

winner so late so City couldn't come back. I never had any doubts about our character but it was the overall performance which pleased me most." City manager Brian Horton pointed the finger at defender

Michel Vonk for costing the club victory. His weak back header

allowed Cantona to claim his first goal and Horton said: "Vonk knows he made a mistake that gave United a lifeline. Nial! Quinn scored two great goals for us but when you are playing with a sweeper you

must be tight throughout. "All of a sudden United had a lifeline and started bombing forward."

No place for Cole or Le Tissier in England squad for next year's World Cup fin-

LONDON (R) — England manager Graham Taylor ignored the international claims of Newcastle United's Andy Cole and Southampton's Matthew Le Tissier Monday when he named a 22-man squad for the World Cup qualifier with San Marino in Bolog-

na, Italy, on Nov. 17. Instead he promoted Blackburn's Stuart Ripley to the senior squad for the first time

attend the lecture given by:

Philadelphia International Hotel.

for England's final Group 2 qualifier, after eight appearances at under-21 level. Taylor said: "Stuart has

plenty of under-21 experience so he's not brand new on the international scene. He has been an integral part of Blackburn's success and is very good at getting crosses in.'

Ripley steps into the vacancy left by injured Tottenham striker Teddy Sheringham and

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he could play a vital role by supplying quality balls for central attackers Alan Shearer, his Blackburn teammate, Arsenal's Ian Wright and Les Ferdinand of Queens Park Rangers.

Enland need to score a lot of goals against the no-hopers and must rely on Poland beating Holland — to resurrect their faint hopes of qualifying

But there was no call-up for Newcastle's Cole, who has scored 16 goals in 15 matches

in all competitions this season. With no place for the injured Sheringham, who has scored 11 times this season, England go into the match without the League s two highest scorers.

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Shows: 12:30, 3:15, 5:00, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

NEWS IN BRIEF

Gulf alliance considers unified force

ABU DH BI (AP) - Defence ministers of the Gulf Cooper ion Council's (GCC) six countries met Monday to discuss creation of a 100,000-strong joint force — a proposal first made after Iraq invaded Kuwait in 1990. The two-day meeting was expected to produce recommendations to be submitted to their six leaders when they meet in the annual GCC summit conference on Dec. 20. The plan to set up the 100,000-strong defence forces was suggested after the GCC's 10,000-man rapid deployment force, known as Peninsula shield, failed to counter the Iraqi army when it seized Kuwait within a few hours on Aug. 2, 1990.

traqi Shi'ites report new attacks in south

NICOSIA (AP) - Iraqi troops have pushed into rebel-held areas in southern Iraq with tanks, armoured personnel carriers and hundreds of artillery guns, Iran's Islamic Republic News Agency reported Monday. IRNA quoted newly-arrived refugees in Iran as echoing earlier reports that Iraqi forces had launched chemical attacks in the southern marshes and were blocking food and other supplies to the area. IRNA said 148 refugees fleeing the army push have arrived in neighbouring Iran over the past few days.

Spanish king visits Israel

TEL AVIV (AFP) - Spain's King Juan Carlos and Queen Sofia arrived Monday for the first state visit by reigning European monarchs to Israel. The king will hold talks with Prime Minister Yithzak Rabin and Palestinian officials, and address parliament. Economic and cultural accords will be signed during the visit, which ends Thursday.

Somali gunmen free Yemeni ship

ADEN, Yemen (R) - Somali gunmen have released the Yemeni cargo ship they seized last month and the ship has arrived in Djibouti, a Yemeni official said Monday. The gunmen let the Mukalla and its crew of 17 leave the port of Bosasso on Saturday after the owners, Yemen Sea Lines, cleared up a misunderstanding with the gunmen, the company's acting general manager, Abdullah Al Afif, told Reuters. Armed tribesmen demanding \$80,000 had seized the ship because of a commercial dispute between the Yemeni state-owned company and local Somali traders. A report in a Yemeni newspaper last week said the gunmen had taken the captain and two other crew members to an undisclosed destination in Somalia. Mr. Afif said the company did not pay the Somalis any money.

PKK to free Western hostages

ANKARA (R) - Guerrillas of the Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) will free three foreign hostages and 19 Turkish soldiers being held in southeast Turkey, a Kurdish agency said on Monday. "The PKK will release all prisoners it holds on the 16th anniversary of its founding," the German-based Kurd-Ha agency said in a release faxed to Reuters. Quoting a PKK statement, it said one U.S. citizen, one New Zealander and a Dutchman seized by PKK rebels in southeastern Turkey in October would be released.

U.S. starts building new Kuwait embassy

KUWAIT (R) — Wielding a golden shovel; Kuwaiti officials and the U.S. ambassador Monday broke ground for a new embassy in the emirate that the United States helped save from Iraqi occupation. The ceremony took place on a new site donated by Kuwait for the construction of the \$25 million embassy in recognition of Washington's leading role in the Gulf war, "This new American embassy will stand as visible testimony to the strong friendship that exists between our two countries," Ambassador Edward Gnehm said in a speech. 'The United States remains committed to our friends in Kuwait. No one should ever doubt our resolve.

Lebanese novelist wins French literary prize

PARIS (AFP) — Lebanese Amin Maalouf on Monday won France's most prestigious literary award, the Goncourt Prize. and immediately said he was "deeply happy for Lebanon." The award was for his novel Le Rocher de Tanios (Tanios Rock), a novel about village life in Lebanon in the 19th century. Mr. Maalouf. 44, has written five novels and lived in France since 1976. He has both French and Lebanese nationality. His home is in Paris but he does his writing in the Vendee in western France. He told AFP that Monday was "the most beautiful day of my life." "I came to France from Lebanon 17 years ago with a suitcase and today (have won) the Goncourt which I dreamed about as a child.

Prince Charles meets with King Fahd

JEDDAH, Saudi Arabía (AP) - King Fahd held a late night meeting with Prince Charles Sunday after the throne arrived in the kingdom in a bid to bolster relations between the West and the Islamic World. The official Saudi Press Agency provided no details of the talks in the Red Sea port city. Prince Charles flew into the Saudi capital, Riyadh, earlier Sunday and was hosted to a banquet held by Crown Prince Abdullah before heading for Jeddah to meet the king. Saudi Abdullah was to be the said of the sai first stop of a three-nation Gulf tour that will also take him to Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates. The British embassy in Riyadh said one of the objectives of the visit was to help encourage greater understanding between the Christian and

Bomb-plot defendant seeks new lawyer

NEW YORK (R) — El Sayyid Nosair, accused of plotting a bombing campaign in New York City, ill represent himself in the court does not appoint the lawyer of his choice, his former attorney said. Attorney William Kunstler, who represented attorney said. Attorney william Kunsuer, who represented Mr. Mosair on charges of murdering radical rabbi Meir Kahane, told a rally of supporters over the weekend Mr. Nosair would dismiss his current court-appointed lawyer. "Nosair will represent himself and is sending the judge a letter saying if he can't have Michael Warren as his lawyer, he will defend himself," Kunstler said. Mr. Warren and Mr. Kunstler successfully defended Mr. Nosair on the 1991 murder charges. However, he was convicted of assault and weapons violations and is serving seven to 22 years in a New York state prison.

Senegalese elected chief of FAO

ROME (AP) — Senegal's ambassador to the United Nations. Jacques Diouf, was elected chief of the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) on Monday after a Chilean rival withdrew and urged the post remain "in the developing world." Mr. Diouf succeeds Edouardo Saouma of Lebanon, who held the post for 18 years as the longest-serving head of a major U.N. organisation. The agency, which oversees many of the U.N. food and development programmes, employs 6.000 people and has a \$1 billion budget. Mr. Diouf defeated Australia's former secretary of industries and energy, Geoff Miller, who had been backed by the United States and other

U.N. delays vote on Libya sanctions

UNITED NATIONS (AFP) - The U.N. Security Council postponed Monday an expected vote on new sanctions against Libya over the Lockerbie bombing until Thursday, at the request of Russia, diplomats said. The council is to vote on a draft resolution drawn up by Britain, France and the United States which would add economic sanctions to the air and arms embargo already in force against Tripoli. The three countries wanted the resolution to be voted Monday, but Russia said it was awaiting final instructions from Moscow.

Secrecy shrouds autonomy talks

CAIRO (Agencies) — Israeli and Palestinian negotiators resumed talks at a secret location here Monday to resolve differences which caused a break-down in the Palestinian autonomy negotiations last week.

Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat said a limited Israel-PLO "ad hoc committee" was meeting to discuss the problems which arose at the last round of talks in the Egyptian Red Sea resort of Taba.

"There is still no date for the resumption of the negotiations .. we must await the results of the committee's work," Mr. Arafat said in Brussels, following a meeting with European Community (EC) foreign ministers.

Official sources said the negotiators will continue secret talks in Cairo Tuesday and could then move the dialogue back to Taba.

"If both sides agree, the negotiations will resume immediately in Taba." one source said.

Egyptian, Palestinian and Israeli embassy officials refused to give any details on the talks.

Foreign Minister Amr Musa confirmed the talks were continuing in a secret location.

Members of the Palestinian delegation, headed by Nabil Shaath, had been seen in public until journalists lost them on Monday. The Israeli team is led by Major-General Amnon

A PLO official said negotiators wanted to keep the talks out of sight of journalists. Negotiators say the media harm talks by revealing concessions which both sides fear would turn public opinion against them.

Sources close to the meeting said the Israelis and the PLO were hoping for a repeat of their success in secret talks in Norway which gave birth to the landmark Palestinian self-rule

deal in Gaza and Jericho signed in Washington in September.

Each side has trimmed its delegation to four for the talks. the first since negotiations were suspended in Taba last

At the centre of the negotiations are security arrangements and details of Israel's pullout from Jericho and Gaza under the terms of the PLO-Israel accord signed on Sept. 13.

The dialogue was suspended last week when Palestinian negotiators objected to Israeli proposals to continue policing part of the two areas. PLO sources based in Tunis

said the Palestinians received assurances from Egypt that the Israeli delegation would show "flexibility" in Monday's meeting about the interpretation of a clause on the withdrawal from the Gaza Strip. A PLO delegation official

said Monday the Palestinians may accept an Israeli military presence in the Gaza Strip, but only inside Jewish settlements. 'We can accept Israeli sol-

diers inside the settlements to protect the settlers, but not outside them," said the PLO source, who declined to be named. The PLO would not tolerate

"soldiers leaving the settle-ments to chase Palestinians." The Palestinian delegation had quit the talks after accusing Israel of trying to renege on a commitment to withdraw all its troops from the Gaza Strip.

The PLO source said roads linking the settlements with Israel could be jointly patrol-led by the Israelis and Palestinians, adding that the number of Israeli soldiers remaining in the strip under such circumstances "would not pose a prob-

The Israeli military would maintain its presence in the Gaza Strip during the first, three-year phase of autonomy. to protect settlements, which would be dismantled later.

Aid will be well spent, **Arafat tells Europeans**

BRUSSELS (Agencies) -Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat called here Monday for strong European Community (EC) support of Palestinian autonomy, and gave the assurance that aid money would be well used.

He was speaking after a twohour meeting with EC foreign ministers to discuss European backing for the Sept. 13 accord between Israel and the PLO for Palestinian autonomy.

EC officials said the event was important because many of the EC ministers had never met Mr. Arafat before.

The PLO leader said EC economic, political and psychological support was essential to rebuild Palestine.

"The occupying authorities (Israel) have devastated the economic infrastructure of Palestine," he told a press conference after the meeting.

Asked what guarantees he could give that international aid would be effectively spent," Mr. Arafat said: "The most important thing is that we have appointed the right peo-

This was a reference to the Palestinian Economic Development and Reconstruction Agency headed by the PLO leader, which is liaising with a committee of donor countries.

"Our people are active and hardworking. They have helped in the development of many Arab countries," Mr. Arafat said. International pledges of \$2 billion have already been made

to support Palestinian autonomy, of which 500 million ECU (\$565 million) has been promised by the EC, over the next five years.

The EC has asked the

Palestinians for a detailed account of how the money should be spent.

Mr. Arafat said aid money was needed to fund modest airports, ports, housing, hospitals, mobile health clinics, schools and municipal services such as energy.
The West Bank town of

Jericho and the Gaza Strip have been selected as the first two areas to be given Palestinian self-government under the five-year autonomy accord. "The European role is very

important, not only in economic but also in political terms. Mr. Arafat told the news con-

U.S. envoy sees 'seeds of hope in Somalia'

NAIROBI (Agencies) — An envoy of U.S. President Bill Clinton said Monday that "the seeds of hope" were growing in Somalia but added that people were concerned that humanitarian work should continue after U.S. troops withdraw.

"People are concerned because they want to see the continuation of the progress made," said Raymond Flynn, the U.S. ambassador to the Vatican, who returned from a brief visit to the central Somali

town of Baidoa Monday. "Just one year ago people were starting and dying in the streets. Famine brought about by civil war has been very cruel to these determined people of Somalia, but the seeds of hope are planted and are beginning to grow, said Mr. Flynn, addressing a news conference

"Some may question and debate the military strategy by U.N. peacekeeping forces in Mogadishu, but nobody can argue with the fact that the United States' efforts as part of operation Restore Hope have saved thousands of lives.

"I met children and families who said they would be dead today if it were not for the

United States' involvement." Mr. Flynn said. "I couldn't be prouder to be an American." He said French U.N. troops had escorted him during his visit as security was still shaky.

Mr. Flynn left for the Vatican on Monday after 10-day mission to East Africa during which he also visited AIDSstriken parts of Uganda, and famine-wracked southern Sudan, devastated by war.

Mr. Flynn, who will report to President Bill Clinton, pledged continued U.S. support for the poorest continent.
"Africa may be termed the so-called forgotten continent but the children of Africa are not going to be termed the forgotten children as far as the United States is concerned."

In Mogadishu, United Nations soldiers killed a Somali aid worker and wounded another on Monday, witnesses said. The U.N. denied its troops were responsible.

The witnesses said Majaysian U.N. peacekeepers opened fire indiscriminately into a crowd outside the offices of the international charity Care, hitting the two local



Troops kill 1, destroy home, while settlers continue riots

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Jewish gunmen seriously wounded two Palestinians and the Israeli army destroyed an Arab home, killing a Palestinian inside, while settlers blocked Arabs from going to work Monday in a wave of protest over an attack on a settler leader. Palestinian and military sources said.

Israeli Radio said the "committee for highway security," a group set up by the militant anti-Arab movement Kach, shot the two Palestinians, whose vehicle was hit by a hail of bullets on the edge of the Kefar Tappuach settlement, between Ramaliah and Nablus on the West Bank.

Thousands of settlers blockaded roads on the Gaza Strip and West Bank for three hours on Monday morning before Israeli troops cleared the way. However, settlers were still blocking the crossing point leading from Jenin in the West Bank to Megiddo in Israel. preventing Arabs from going to

work. Israeli troops destroyed a house in the occupied West Bank, killing a Palestinian who was inside, the army said.

An army spokesman said the man, allegedly armed with a submachinegun and a pistol, fired at an army patrol and refused to surrender when the army surrounded the house in the West Bank village of Beit Awwa, near Hebron.

When he refused to surrender the force opened fire," the

Definite

projects

discussed in

Denmark

COPENHAGEN (Agencies)

- Officials from 42 nations on

Monday began a session of the

multilateral economic develop-

ment working group, discus-

sing infrastructure projects in

the Middle East as part of the

The two-day talks were the

fourth round of multilateral

sessions, attended by some 200

representatives of the Euro-

pean Community (EC), the

Nordic countries, the United

States, Russia, Japan, China

Israel and some of the Arab

states are taking part, but Syria

and Lebanon are not, saying

that progress should be made

at the bilateral level with Israel

before they join in multilateral

The Copenhagen session.

hosted by Denmark on behalf

of the EC, will tackle projects

in the fields of communication

and agriculture, an official

good and relaxed since Israel and the Palestine Liberation

Organisation (PLO) reached

their historic agreement on self-rule for Palestinians in

Israeli-occupied Jericho and

the Gaza Strip," a member of

On the agenda are 16 concrete EC infrastructure schemes including pilot projects for a highway linking Amman with Jericho and Jerusalam and a miles of the scheme and series of the scheme and scheme

salem and a railroad giving

Jordan's exports direct access

Also on the table is a feasi-

bility study into a road be-

tween Aqaba and Egypt via

concrete projects and their

financing will be decided

here," said Alf Jonsson, head

of the Danish delegation.

"We expect that a series of

Eilat in south Israel.

to the Mediterranean Sea.

the Danish delegation said.

"The atmosphere is very

and Middle East nations.

regional peace process.

spokesman said. "In the course of storming the house, the force destroyed the building. and the terrorist was killed. Security sources said the

at the house, which soldiers had besieged for several hours. They said another man surrendered, and a woman and five children left the house

before it was destroyed. Settlers were enraged by an attack Sunday on Rabbi Chaim Druckman, a founder of the settler movement Gush Emunim. He was wounded when his vehicle was ambushed outside Hebron, and his driver was killed.

Seven Palestinians were shot and wounded on Sunday as settlers went on the rampage in Gaza and Hebron, and more than 20 Palestinians were injured either by stones or beat-

In the Gaza Strip settlers Monday set fire to a house in the Al Qarar area near Khan Yunis, and destroyed six greenhouses, after harassing inhabitants of several Palestinian districts overnight, Palestinian sources said.

Four refugee camps near Israeli settlements in the strip Deir Al Salah, Maghazi. Nusseirat and Bureij — were declared closed military zones by the Israeli army. Settler spokesman Aharon Domb said the settlers would

launch "new operations" in the next few days

strated in Jerusalem Sunday evening accusing the government of abandoning them following the Sept. 13 agreement for Palestinian autonomy

army fired anti-tank missiles Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin meanwhile vowed to halt Jewish settler attacks in occupied territories.

"The security forces for their part received orders to use all that is at their disposal within the law to prevent terror but also to uphold law and order on the part of the Jewish residents." Mr. Rabin told parlia-

Palestinian leader Faisal Al Husseini, who is close to Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat, accused Mr. Rabin's government of letting settlers attack Palestinians. He demanded settlements be dismantled despite the interim Israel-PLO accord allowing them to stay.

"What we see of the settlers" actions today and the Israeli army reaction gives us the right to say ... that the army must withdraw and the settlements and settlers along with it," Mr. Husseini told a Jerusalem news conference.

"Otherwise we will be facing a new situation which is the closest thing to total chaos," he

Health Minister Haim Ramon, a leading dove in Mr. Rabin's cabinet, said the vicious circle of violence in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip would not wreck the Hundreds of settlers demon- Sept. 13 accord.

Egypt pursues bid to revive Syria-Israel talks

DAMASCUS (R) — President Hosni Mubarak's top political advisor said after talks with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad Monday he was hopeful stalled Syrian-Israeli peace talks would resume.

"We are now on the process of preparing the proper climate for resumption of these talks in Washington." Osama Al Baz told Reuters after more than two hours of talks with Mr. Assad. He said Egypt was deter-

mined to see the negotiations resume as soon as possible. 'We insist on getting a result out of our contacts, to see the Syrian-Israeli talks resume. We are optimistic and hope further contracts will lead to the resumption because this is a vital issue for all of us."

Dr. Baz said he conveyed a message to Mr. Assad from Mr. Mubarak "on the current developments in the region and the peace process."

Asked when he expects the Syrian-Israeli talks to resume in Washington, the Egyptian

envoy said:
"We are aiming and working to get these talks resumed. We hope the bilateral talks would resume in Washington because that was the natural channel for achieving a progress. We believe there should be a progress on the Syrian track in particular."

Asked about ideas presented to Israel by Egyptian Foreign Minister Amr Musa to revive the peace negotiations with Svria, Dr. Baz said Mr. Musa's talks were mainly aimed at resuming the Palestinian-Israeli peace talks. These talks have resumed.

He said Israel should not ignore the talks with Syria in favour of concentrating on talks with the Palestinians after the signing of a Palestinian self-rule accord signed in September.

15 injured as Saudia jet catches fire in Manila

MANILA (Agencies) - Fifteen passengers were injured, one critically, when a Saudi Arabian Jumbo jet made an emergency landing in Manila after catching fire in mid-air. rescuers said.

The Saudia Boeing 747, carrying 211 passengers and 14 crew on a flight from Jeddah to Manila, was approaching the runway when the control tower told the pilot. Captain Abdul Kader, that its tail was smok-

Alan Baranda, assistant chief of airport ground operations division, said that upon landing, Capt. Kader slammed on the brakes, ordered the doors opened and sent passengers down the emergency slide chutes.

The airport tower sounded a crash alert and within one minute firemen reached the scene, extinguishing within 30 seconds flames from the aircraft power unit in the tail section, he said.

Airport snokesman Alfredo

Vasquez said a 50-year-old Filipina, Lydia Cabangon, suf-fered a head fracture after her high-heeled shoes ruptured a chute, causing her to plunge to the tarmac.

She was still unconscious in hospital, several hours after the early morning accident. Another Filipina suffered a broken leg after following Ms. Cabangon down. Most of the passengers were returning Filipino contract workers, who number in the hundreds of thousands in the Middle East.

A Saudia official said the fire was caused by an accident and ruled out suggestions of a "terrorist" attack on the aircraft, which arrived from Dhahran,

"There is no terrorist involved. It's simply an acci-dent." Saudia's operations Saudia's operations officer in Manila, Nazario Chamen, said by telephone.

Fire trucks followed the aircraft down the runway and poured foam on the tail where they could see flames licking | Commons on Oct. 29 by 21 out of a hole in the fuselage. I votes to 21.

Picasso, Braques paintings stolen from museum

STOCKHOLM (AP) _

Thieves lowered themselves from the roof of the Museum of Modern Art in downton Stockholm and stole five Picasso paintings and other artwork valued at \$52 million, museum officials said Monday. Stolen sometime during the night were "eight of the museum's most important works: Five paintings and a statue by Picasso and two paintings by Georges Braques." museum spokeswoman Eva-Lena Lid. man said. A security guard discovered the break-in Monday morning. There was no explanation why alarms did not go off or were not heard. The museum is located on a little island in Stockholm. The paintings were part of the museum's permanent exhibition. Curator Olle Grana said the works are well-known and would be impossible to sell on the open market. The Picassos were listed as The Spring (1921); Dragonfly (1929, when he started his cubist period); The Painter (1930, oil on wood); Woman With Black Eyes (also known as Dora Maar); and Woman With Blue Collar (1941). The 16-inch bronze sculpture Woman is from 1931. The stolen Braones were Chateau La Roche-Guyon (1909) and Still Life (1928). Picasso's The Spring. depicts a woman lying on her side and was painted during Picasso's neo-classical period

Clinton to sign 'living will'

WASHINGTON (R) — Presi-

dent Bill Clinton said Sunday he is willing to sign a "living will" and make its contents public. Living wills allow people to order their doctors to pull the plug instead of prolonging their lives by artificial means in case they become unconscious and incapacitated. Asked on NBC's Meet The Press if he would publicly sign a living will, the president said: "Well, I certainly would sign, one. I don't know if I would do it in public, but I'd be glad to tell you what's in it. I think families should think about in ing wills and should have them," he said. He said government should never impose living wills, but that the documents could weed out "extra costs that most people believe are unnecessary in the sys-tem." About one-third of America's health costs are for the last year of life. On the issue of his personal health Mr. Clinton, who exercises regular! ly and has reportedly changed; his eating habits to lose weight. said he was making some headway. "I've lost weight and lost, I don't know, two or three inches off my waist," said Mr. Clinton, who jogs six days a week. "You just have to get up, sort of show up every day and try to make a little prog-

U.K. to ordain 1st woman priest next March

LONDON (AFP) - The first

woman to be accepted into the priesthood of the Church of England will be ordained next March 12 in Bristol in the southwest, the Times reported Monday. The controversial honour will fall to Angels Berners-Wilson, 39, by dint of alphabetical order. The diocese of Bristol had held out for being the first two ordain a woman European and institutions of the control of the cont woman. Further ordinations of women will follow in Oxford. St. Albans, Liverpool, and Durham, Ms. Berners-Wilson became one of the first woman deacons in March 1987, almost as soon as it was made legally possible for a woman to be deacon. She is currently cha plain at the University of Bris tol. "I am really looking for ward to being able to celebrate the eucharist," she said. " hope being a priest will be treal fulfilment of my vocation which I have felt for many many years. The General Synod of the Church of Eng land voted a year ago to accept women priests, a controversi move which saw Conservative Anglicans defect to the Roma Catholic Church. The Hig Court in London last mont threw out a challenge by Evangelical wing of the church, and the change w approved by the House Lords Tuesday, having wo the approval of the House



